BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. BANGOR, ME., MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 22, 1878. VOLUME XLV---NUMBER 94.

BANGOR

Daily Whig and Courier.

PUBLISHED MORNINGS

At No. 4 East End Kenduskeag Bridge

BY

BOUTELLE & BURR.

E. C. BURR. J. A. BOUTELLE.

TERMS—$6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $2 00 for three months. *Invariably in advance.*

THE BANGOR WEEKLY COURIER

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY,

At $2 00 a year in advance.

The Daily Whig and Courier, Weekly Whig and Courier, Five Dollars per Year, *invariably in advance.*

AGENCIES.

S. M. Pettengill & Co., 10 State St., Boston, and 41 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this Paper.

Rowell & Co., Agents, 40 Tremont Street, Boston.

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Payments must in all cases be paid in advance.

The date affixed to the colored slips shows the time to which the subscription is paid. All papers discontinued when the subscription expires.

Business Cards.

B. C. ADDITON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Attends to all legal business promptly. Makes suits accurate collections, fills out the papers of any bounty for the privilege of joining my Collection Bureau. It has been proved that suits for soldiers' additional bounties and claims, if not the most successful collections. Ten years experience collecting, with the largest attorneys in the line, gives some knowledge of the people and their ability to pay.

No. 1 Main Street, Bangor.

Steam Boiler Shop.

THE HINCKLEY & FGERY IRON CO. having resumed the Steam Boiler and Repair business in their Boiler shop, at the Corner of Washington and Hook Streets, Bangor, they are now prepared to fill all orders for new work and repairs, in that line, by competent workmen, with dispatch, and at low cash prices. Orders respectfully solicited.

Also on hand and for sale at lowest prices, new and second hand Steam Engines, and Pipe and small Boilers.

For further information inquire of WM. BRAGG & CO., Bangor, Maine, July 23, 1877. dtf

WAR of 1812.

Pensions. Pensions

A law has just passed giving a Pension of $96 per year to all Soldiers of the War of 1812, who served 14 days, or were in any engagement, and their widows, also, are entitled to the same pension without regard to date of marriage. I am authorized to obtain these pensions for all who are entitled.

Application can be made to me in person at my office in Bangor, or by letter. The earlier the application the better for the applicant.

I have all the rolls and records of every soldier of the war, with their names in alphabetic order so that every soldier's service can be readily ascertained.

No other person in Maine has these records, except the State Agent.

Don't entrust on claims to unreliable and inexperienced hands.

A. J. CHAPMAN,

Bangor, March 11, 1878. U. S War Claim Agent

KNOX HOTEL,

Main Street, Thomaston, Me.

WM. H. LIGHFORD, Proprietor.

Respectfully announces the above Hotel has been thoroughly REFITTED, REFURNISHED, FURNISHED, and is now open for permanent and transient guests.

No pains will be spared to render satisfactory to the public, convenience of its patrons.

Commercial men will find the accommodations of COMMERCIAL AGENTS.

Carriages leave this House for all passenger trains. Also daily line of stages to the surrounding country.

A First Class Livery stable connected with the House. apr4

M. SCHWARTZ,

143 Exchange St.,

SAW MANUFACTURER

AND MACHINIST,

is prepared to supply the trade of the very best Warranted Saws, Machinery, Belting, Emery Wheels &c., at the lowest prices.

The only Saw Manufactory in the State that can repair sawed short notice and in the most thorough manner. july27

BUCKSPORT MARINE RAILWAY!

L. B. PRATT, Proprietor.

Reduced Rates.

TERMS FOR HAULING OUT & LAY DAYS.

For vessels of 100 tons and upwards, 10 cents per ton for hauling out, 5 cents per ton for each day by for four days.

All under 100 tons $10 00 for Hauling out; 5 cts per ton for each day lay for four days.

No charge for first day on blocks.

The management of this Railway has been placed in charge of WM. BRADLEY & CO. who as practical ship carpenters and calkers, are prepared to do repairing of all kinds. All work entrusted to their care will be promptly and faithfully done.

REFERENCES—S. H. Swan, Bucksport, J. W. Dresser, Castine, H. Hall, Verona.

For further information inquire of WM. BRADLEY & CO., Bucksport, Maine.

L. B. PRATT.

Bucksport, April 3, 1878. 2m*

Pages of the Past,

from Vol. 1 to 87 inclusive,

By H. W. PLEASTED and F. H. APPLETON.

Subscriptions received by

D. BUGBEE & CO.

apr22

Dissolution of Copartnership.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the name of WISWELL & DUNBAR is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either party will sign in liquidation.

J. W. WISWELL.
SCOTT DUNBAR.

Bangor, April 8, 1878. 2w15

THE PHŒNIX BRAND PURE WHITE LEAD

Is corroded by the only true method known as the "OLD DUTCH PROCESS."

and is sold with the positive assurance of absolute purity, by

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL &c.

mar18 BANGOR. d&w

CHEAP FOR CASH,

CALL AT

MAYO & APPLETON'S,

Jan31 *20 CENTRAL ST.*

GOLD PLATED WASHERS, Cheaper than the known world. Sample Watch Free to Agents. Address, A. COULTER & Co., Chicago.

WE HAVE IT!

A STORE FULL of BARGAINS, among which are some NEW, DESIRABLE goods for Ladies' wear.

French Kid Side Lace Boots, $4 50, former price $ 00.

French Kid Button Boots, $ 50, former price $ 00.

Im. French Kid Side Lace Boots, $ 00, former price $ 5

Im. French Kid Button Boots, $ 50, former price $ 00.

Misses' Im. French Kid Side Lace Boots, $ 50, form er price $ 00.

The above are CUSTOM MADE and WARRANTED and are SPLENDID FITTING.

We have a FULL STOCK of Boots and Shoes of all grades which we shall sell at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

SPRING STYLE HATS.

A large and complete line of Men's, Boys' and Children's Hats, in all the new and nobby styles.

Gent's Reserve Hats:

Young Men's Derby Hats,

Children's Stiff Hats.

Don't buy your Boots and Hats until you have seen OUR goods and got the PRICES, which cannot be beaten.

BAZZELL & SMART,

mar4tf

CHOICE Maple Syrup

AT

FRED T. HALL & CO'S,

28 Central Street.

mch22

1878.

NEW STATUTES

Congress has just passed a law giving a Pension of $8 per month to all Soldiers of the War of 1812, who served 14 days or were in battle—and the same pension to the widows of all such Soldiers.

This entitles all to a pension who have received Land Warrants.

All deserving the pension can obtain it by applying to me in person at my office, or by letter.

I have all the old Rolls, on which is borne the names of all soldiers of the War of 1812, with the place and length of service and date of discharge, and all Data and Facts given full and exact information in every case.

Also a record of most of the Land Warrants granted to these soldiers.

No person, east of Portland, has those rolls, except myself and A. J. Chapman, Esq., of Bangor, who has equal facilities for obtaining these pensions. He was formerly a clerk in my office.

C. P. BROWN,

BANGOR.

N. B—All who desire their pensions early must apply early.

Bangor, March 11, 1878.

JERSEY MILK.

The subscriber has for the past five years supplied some of the choicest cows with first-quality milk. The demand has of late so much increased that he has decided to enlarge his route by putting on two teams, and will take a few more customers who would like pure milk from Jersey Cows. Milk delivered either morning or evening as desired. Apply to F. F. LOWELL, at Charles Hale & Co.'s, Main St.

WANTED—one or two new milch Jersey cows. mch29 m mch29

STRAW GOODS BONNETS,

BORDERS AND PAPER SHADES.

A large and unusually handsome lot at lowest prices.

CHAS. H. GHT'S,

apr4 8 Smith's Block.

OMNIBUS LINE FOR SALE.

We will sell our Omnibus Line, including two Omnibuses for summer use and also two for winter use, together with the horses now running the same, and all the necessary harnesses, rigging &c., pertaining thereto, at a good bargain to the right parties if applied for soon. This is a good opportunity for the right kind of a man to obtain a good steady business that pays well.

J. H. ROBINSON & CO.

mar25 tf

Fairbanks, Brown & Co.

REMOVED

TO THE

NEW AND ELIGIBLE STORE,

83 MILK STREET,

Corner of Congress Street,

POST OFFICE SQUARE,

With additional facilities, they enlist the continuance of the generous patronage of the public.

FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES,

IN EVERY VARIETY,

OF THE BEST POSSIBLE QUALITY,

And with the Latest and Most Valuable Improvements.

83 Milk Street, Post Office Square, BOSTON.

SOLUBLE Pacific Guano.

A NO. 1 FERTILIZER.

It is Prompt, Active and Reliable. Ten years successful use has shown it to be of the very highest quality. Price moderate. Wholesale for it the greatest benefit to the consumer from the smallest to dealer. For sale at Bangor, by

PRESCOTT & ALLEN,

Seed Store,

No. 21 Broad St. and 19 Pickering Square.

GRASS, FIELD & GARDEN SEEDS.

Cameron's Plow, Pettengill's Side Hill Plow, Walter A. Wood's Mowing Machine, Taylor's Hoes, Hay Cutting Machines, Forks, Rakes, Implements, Lime, Hair, Plaster, &c. &c.

PRESCOTT & ALLEN,

No. 21 Broad St. and 19 Pickering Square,

mar25 d&w3m BANGOR, MAINE.

Corn and Seeds.

Tomatoes 10 cents per Can.

Corn 12 cents per Can.

Peaches 15 cents per Can.

New Loose Muscatel Raisins, 8 cents per pound.

New Valencia Raisins 7 cents per pound.

CHINA TEA CO.

35 Main St.

mar18

PARTNERSHIP DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of D. H. WIGGIN & CO., is this day mutually dissolved by the withdrawal of Mr. SMITH therefrom. Mr. WIGGIN will continue the business at the same place, and will pay all debts due from the first month, and is authorized to collect all debts due them; to whom all persons owing them are requested to make immediate payment.

D. H. WIGGIN.
G. W. SMITH.

Levant, April 9th, 1878. w6w

25 ELEGANT CARDS, no two alike, with name, 10c., or 13 Gold Edge or Lovelies, 10c., or 20 fine Scroll Cards, 25 styles, no name, 10c. post paid. 40 fan J. B. HUSTED, Nassau, N. Y.

GEO. O. M. BROWN'S OPENING

No. 15 West Market Square,

And see the Best Full Regular English Hose You ever saw for 25 cents per pair.

Also, Children's and Misses' Full Regular Stripe Hose for 37 1-2 cents per pair.

Look at Gent's White Shirt made of the best Wamsutta Cloth for 85 cents each.

50 dozen Towels for 5 cents each. 50 dozen Towels for 10 cents each.

Splendid Marseilles Spread for $3.00, cheap at $5.00.

500 dozen J. & J. P. Coates and Geo. A. Clark Thread for 5 cents a spool.

Ladies Print Wrappers for $1.00.

White Knitting Cotton for 3 cents per Ball.

I have just received a full assortment of Frank Leslie's Paper Patterns, Spring and Summer Styles. Call for New Catalogue.

O. M. BROWN.

Bangor, April 13, 1878.

SPECIAL SALE

—OF—

Ladies' Underwear!

ONE THOUSAND PIECES.

The Entire Lot Must be Sold This Week. Terms Cash on Delivery

NO. 43 MAIN STREET.

G. W. STEVENS.

Bangor, April 8, 1878

DRAIN PIPE

FOR SALE BY

PLUMBERS,

29 CENTRAL STREET.

apr10

HATS AND CAPS.

It is our intention to establish, for the benefit of all our good and thrifty citizens of this city and vicinity,

A NEW SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

Where all receive from 20 to 40 per cent interest on their money as soon as the deposit is made. These funds to be invested in the following valuable securities:

STOCKS, STOCKS, STOCKS,

ALL OF WHICH WE MANUFACTURE.

Also, White Shirts, Linen and Paper Collars and Cuffs, Neck Ties, Silk Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Umbrellas, &c.

All money invested in the above stocks will pay handsome dividends, and no better securities were ever placed upon the market as such reasonable terms. They are valuable each in itself. Call on

ADAMS BROS.,

5 BOWMAN'S BLOCK.

mar4 tf12

GLOBE HOTEL,

This Hotel was built last season, on the site of the Merriman House, furnished new throughout, with modern improvements, Sample Rooms on first floor, Bath Rooms, Water Closets, Bathing Room, Finger's Annunciatory &c. Good Livery and Transient Stables. Free Coach to and from the House.

TERMS, $2.00 PER DAY.

J. E. HARRIMAN, Proprietor.

Bangor, July 31, 1877

NEW REVISED, Revised, Revised,

The Proprietors, formerly of the Franklin House, Bangor, having leased this commodious Hotel for a term of years, are now prepared to entertain their old friends and the travelling public generally. The Hotel is pleasantly situated in the Centre of Business, directly opposite City Building, and Post Office, overlooking the Park and forming one of the most beautiful locations in the State. It is also convenient to the principal places of business. It has all the modern conveniences of Steam with Rooms, Sample Rooms, Billiard Hall. Also a first class Livery Stable. Carriages always in waiting to take guests to and from the trains.

ROYAL QUIMBY,
EBEN MURCH, Proprietors.

nov27

FILES.....FILES.

PLIMPTON, FST & CO.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Ribbons, Silks,

MILLINERY,

—AND—

STRAW GOODS

26 Summer & 92 Hawley Sts.,

BOSTON.

☞We would call the attention of MILLINERS to an inspection of our stock, as being the largest and most complete to be found in New England. All orders will receive careful and prompt attention.

mar19 TuThS&3m

PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

To-To State st., opposite Kilby, Boston,

Soothes Patents in the United States; also in Canada, France and other foreign countries. Copies of the Claims of any Patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded in Washington, D. C. *The United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.*

R. H. EDDY, late Chief Clerk of Patents.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the most capable and respected practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse.

CHAS. MASON, Commissioner of Patents.

"Inventors cannot employ a person more trustworthy or more capable of securing for them an early and favorable action from the Patent Office.

EDMUND BURKE,
Late Commissioner of Patents."

Boston, Mass., Jan. 19, 1878.

R. H. EDDY, Esq.—Dear Sir: you procured for me, in 1849, my first patent. Since then you have solicited for me hundreds of others in this country and procured many patents, reissues and extensions. have occasionally employed you and your associates in New York, Philadelphia and Washington, but I still give you almost the whole of my business in your line, and refer others to employ you. Yours truly, GEORGE DRAPER.

Boston, Jan. 1, 1878. 26w 1y

SIGN A trade. Agents wanted. Samples and Catalogue Free. Particulars Free. Address, J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

NEW Spring Dress Goods, New Cambrics, New Spring Prints, Cheap, price from 5 to 7 cents,—Beautiful Styles.

All our best Percales Kids marked down to $.50 per pair. Splendid line of colors, ir Browns, Modes and Tintes. The best trade in Kids ever sold in this city.

We shall sell 50 dozen Gents' Fine Shirts at $1. The same Shirt we have been selling for $1.50. You have only to see them to know they are a bargain.

A lot of Unlaundered Shirts for 37 1-2c, 62 1-2, 85 and $1.00.

STORE.

Whig and Courier.

Daily Established 1834—Weekly, 1851

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (one inch in space) one insertion	$1 00
For one square, two insertions	1 25
For one square, three times in the Daily	1 50
For one square, one week	2 00
Each week's continuance	75
For half-square, one time	75
For half square, three times	1 00
For half square, one week	1 25
Each week's continuance	50
For one square, in Weekly, three times	1 50
Each week's continuance	25

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$2.50 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of "Specials" Notices.

☞Advertisements discontinued *three times a week* at ten-thirds price; *two times a week*, one-half price; *one time a week*, one-third price.

☞Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

☞All transient advertising must be paid for in advance.

Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices" 15 cents per line, each insertion, for solid matter, and 10 cents per line for leaded.

MANAGEMENT OF SITTING HENS.

Perhaps there are no sitters that excel the light Brahmas, both for the purpose of incubation, and afterwards as mothers. The Brahmas are persistent sitters, and when once thoroughly settled down to business, can be removed to any place or position desired. To accomplish the best results, the regular sitters should be allowed a separate apartment. A grave mistake is often made in allowing hens to sit where others may lay into the nests. The sitter is always obstinate in retaining the nest, and the layer is determined to deposit her egg therein, and in the dispute oftentimes the eggs are broken. Otherwise eggs are frequently broken in the nest by heavy blooded fowls, and yet it is expedient to employ such in the rearing of very early chickens. Their animal heat is greater, and young birds must have this, and at the natural temperature. Whenever an egg is broken in a sitter's nest, which often occurs by a mistake or accident of the hen in going off or on the nest, all the soiled eggs should be removed and washed in lukewarm water. Where choice eggs are to be incubated, it is better to remove the sitter to some quiet, retired place, with a subdued light, where she will be free from annoyance, and be unalarmed by the other hens. Confine her for a day or two with indifferent or valueless eggs, until she becomes entirely accustomed to the new situation, which she will in a few days. A little watching is necessary when returning to the nest, that she finds the right place.

The Brahmas are constitutionally regular. to this change, and, as a general thing, are to be preferred above all others. When settled down to business, remove the poor eggs and give her the good ones. The hen she will be gentle, that she may be handled. Put the eggs under the hen *one* by *one* as she sits, and give them to her management. They may cost five dollars per dozen, but she will hatch them as though they were worth but eighteen cents. If you have valuable eggs be assured beforehand that you have a good hen—one that understands her business. After the third day (with eggs of the black breeds,) the eggs may be handled without injury. Handled carefully, and the non-impregnated ones selected. With the light varieties, a little longer time is required. If the eggs looks dark they are fertilized. It is better to remove all the clear eggs from the nest as soon as you are certain, that it may not be crowded.

Eggs may be fertilized and look dark, and yet only a small percentage may hatch. The chicks often die when fully formed, within it, breaking the shell. It often occurs also that the chick will peep in the shell before it is broken. With a nervous, restless hen, this is destructive of young life, for in her movements to give relief she, often crushes the shell and kills the chick. A mother that is hardened at this time against all such cries is to be desired, for if left alone, the chick will generally need no assistance but a persistently sitting mother.

FEEDING YOUNG TURKEYS. Young turkeys should be fed at least five times daily, at morning, noon and night, and between these times, for their rapid growth requires that food be given liberally and often and of the proper kind. Milk, in its different forms, should constitute much of the first food of young turkeys. We usually give for the first few days bread soaked in new milk, at the same time giving them milk to drink. This milk can follow this, with an admixture of scraps of bread, after which cheese (thick milk with whey drained off) can be given, with green onion-tops chopped up fine and mixed with it. A small sprinkling of cayenne pepper is also beneficial.

Some breeders recommend using hard-boiled eggs, chopped up fine, for first feeds, but we do not consider this at all necessary, though it can be used if desired. When the birds are about two or three weeks old, scalded corn meal can be separately mixed with the thick milk and the onion-tops chopped fine, and this food will bring them along nicely. Have very shallow basins or saucers to put the drinking-water or milk in, or else the young turkeys will get wet and "draggled" and may thereby lose their lives. In feeding, do not give more than the turkeys will eat up clean, for it is detrimental to their health in many ways. Feed them as much as they will eat up clean, but no more, and they will always have healthy appetites.

GRAPE CULTURE. Any person of common intelligence can learn in an hour how to trim and nourish vines. Three vines of as many different varieties, planted in some sunny nook or by the side building so as to obtain shelter, will, if properly cared for, furnish many a bushel of delicious grapes every year. Set out a Concord and two or three other varieties. Make the ground mellow and rich by the use of a spade, and by employing old manure, finely-ground bones and ashes, and set out the plants. In three years the rich clusters will appear, and in four years the product will be an instant. It is well to have vines planted at that the waste liquids from the dwellings can be used in fertilization. If there is any food the vine especially loves, it is the soapy liquids which accumulate on washing days in families. Vines drenched every week with these liquids will flourish astonishingly, and extend themselves so as to cover large buildings, every branch bearing fruit.

Congressman Wood's new tariff bill imposes a tax of thirty-five per cent. on "snatches of all kinds." Young persons about to enter the matrimonial state should remonstrate it once. The tax is onerous. What is needed is a tax of about ninety-five per cent. on long engagements.—*New Herald.*

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS CONDEMNED.

Above all things, let my imaginary pupil be've preserved the freshness and vigor of youth in his mind as well as his body. The educational abomination of the present day is the stimulation of young people to work at high pressure by incessant competitive examinations. Some wise man (who probably was not an early riser) has said of early risers in general, that they are connected at the forenoon and stupid all the afternoon. Now, whether this is true of early risers in the common acceptation of the word or not, I will not pretend to say; but it is too often true of the unhappy child on whom are forced to rise too early the first two hours. They are cancelled all the forenoon of life, and stupid all its afternoon. The vigor and freshness, which should have been stored up for the purpose of the hard struggle for existence in practical life, have been washed out of them by pernicious mental debauchery—by book-stuffing and lesson-bidding.

Their faculties are worn out by the strain put upon their pallow brains, and they are demoralized by worthless childish trumpets before the real work of life begins. If have no compassion for sloth, but youth has more need for intellectual rest than age; and the cheerfulness, the tenacity of purpose, the power of work which make many a successful man what he is, must often be placed to credit, not of his hours of industry, but to that of his hours of idleness, in boyhood. Even the hardest worker of all, if he has to deal with anything above mere details, will do well, now and again, to let his brain lie fallow for a space. The next crop of thought will certainly be all the fuller in the ear and the weeds fewer.—*Popular Science Monthly.*

STATE NEWS.

Androscoggin.

John Millett, a son of E. A. Millett of Mechanic Falls, had his nose broken Wednesday by a base ball. He is a student at Hebron Academy, and the accident occurred there.

A bride of 77 years and a bridegroom of about the same age from Brunswick, stopped at one of the Lewiston hotels a few days since. The bride still has a mother living at the age of about 96 years.

Wednesday night some thieves broke a pane of glass in the basement of Richards & Merrill's store, Lewiston, and crawled in; thence proceeded to the first floor and sawing another door, when they had full possession of the main store. They appear to have taken their time, and helped themselves to a quantity of tobacco, pipes, &c., and left about 2 o'clock. Some of the goods were found in the yard.

Penobscot.

The Bangor *Journal* says that the Penobscot Ice Company of Philadelphia, has purchased the ice house and ice of Jarvis Patten, in Howdenham. The house contains 3 500 tons. We could not learn the price paid. They will commence shipping immediately. The Penn Company also purchased 6 000 tons in Belfast a week or more ago. The cold weather has almost stopped the shipment of ice on the river. The different concerns are still doing a little, but not as much as they have been.

According to the Ice Journal the total ice crop of Maine harvested the past winter is 337,700 tons.

Somerset.

The Skowhegan *Clarion* says: We learn that upwards of a hundred million of logs have been cut in this part of the county, the past winter.

The *Somerset Reporter* says: We understand that there is some talk at Carabou of abandoning the new piers which have been constructed this winter, at an expense of $800 or $900, and building the bridge where the old one now stands.

Cumberland.

Thursday evening Detective Heroom of Boston and officer Rice arrested in Portland a young fellow named Thomas Tracy, alias James Johnson, charged with about a dozen larcenies committed in Boston. He is a hard looking customer, though not yet 19 years of age. Detective Heroom left with his prisoner on the midnight train.

It is reported that Francis Kane, who was bailed in $4,000 bonds, for the murder of Lieut. Allen on officer Moore, has left Portland to avoid trial at the May term.

Kennebec.

Mr. Y. F. Gilpatrick of Hallowell, whose oldest son died about ten days ago, with diphtheria, has lost his only remaining child, by the same dread disease. The sympathies of the community are with the sorely afflicted family.

The Grand Army boys at Hallowell have engaged the services of Barnabee's comic company, to give one of their entertainments at that city, next Wednesday evening.

Knox.

A kiln shed on the Meadow road, Rockland, containing several hundred casks of lime, owned by Messrs. Farrand, Spear, and some half dozen others, was destroyed by fire last Friday afternoon. Loss about $1200 with no insurance.

Capt. David H. Wall, of St. George, master of Schooner Jesse Hart 3d, had one of his legs broken Thursday while off Mt. Vernon by the being struck by the end of a hawser. He was taken to Alexandria and the vessel proceeded on her voyage in charge of the mate.

Two convicts were discharged from the State prison Tuesday. W. P. Rice brought 6 convicts Tuesday night, 2 from Skowhegan, and 3 from Bath. There are now 308 convicts in the prison.

Lincoln.

During Thursday night, some villans gained an entrance into O. M. Pease's grocery, in Waldoboro, and stole about two dollars in small change, some oranges and tobacco together with one dollar and fifty cents belonging to Benjamin Genthner. Entrance was effected through a back window by removing the strip which held up the top sash.

Mr. Isaac C. Eggley, of Waldoboro came very near meeting with a fatal accident at Adams's flour mill, Tuesday. He was showing some ladies the interior of the building when his coat was caught in the bevel gear connected therewith and wound it up close to his body, tearing it into shreds, and but for the slipping of the pulley upon the shaft that drove the gear, he would have been instantly crushed to death. As it was he received some pretty severe bruises.

Sagadahoc.

Thursday evening about 9 o'clock Alonzo Jack, a resident of Bath, met with quite a severe accident. He was in the act of discharging his gun preparatory to putting it away when it exploded, blowing away portions of his third and fourth fingers, necessitating amputation.

The Bath High School Cadets will perform escort duty Decoration Day.

Somerset.

A New Portland man who lately missed the Norridgewock stage at Skowhegan, pulled on foot, overtook and passed the stage, making thirty minutes better time on a five mile route than the stage.

The police force of Skowhegan is reduced to six, one-half the usual number.

Scythe factory at the Williams mill, is the latest from Skowhegan.

Waldo.

The *Journal* says that a young man named Verzie, who has for a number of years lived in Belfast, and latterly with Andrew J. Stevens, suddenly left last week. After his departure it was discovered that a gold watch chain, rings, and other jewelry belonging to Mrs. Stevens were missing, and it is supposed that Verzie took them away with him.

The *Journal* reports that scarlet fever is quite prevalent in Winterport.

The *Age* says that a vein of silver ore has recently been struck at the foot of the Bluff hill, in Northport. Small quantities of gold are also found mixed with the ore.

Work.

S. Newcomb & Co., shoe manufacturers of Biddeford, are now turning out about two hundred pairs of boots per day. In the stitching department they now employ forty-one girls, who are daily completing their portion on three hundred pairs of boots. Business at this manufactory is evidently heavier now than at any time for many months.

Last Friday morning, Mr. John Hendrick, an old and respected citizen of Saco, was found dead in his bed, although the day before he was as well as usual.

State at Large.

The Gardiner *Journal* says that the Penn Ice Company of Philadelphia, has purchased the ice house and ice of Jarvis Patten, in Howdenham. The house contains 3 500 tons. We could not learn the price paid. They will commence shipping immediately. The Penn Company also purchased 6 000 tons in Belfast a week or more ago. The cold weather has almost stopped the shipment of ice on the river. The different concerns are still doing a little, but not as much as they have been.

According to the Ice Journal the total ice crop of Maine harvested the past winter is 337,700 tons.

BANGOR MARKET.

SATURDAY, April 20, 1878.

FLOUR. During the past week the market has shown but little change in prices from the close of the previous week, but the supply continues ample, would seem to indicate that the change of figures may soon be a trifle in favor of the buyer. CORN is selling to day at 60 to 61 cents per bushel.

MEAL. Corn meal is worth 60 to 62 cents per bushel.

FINE FEED. Fine middlings are worth from $17 50 to $18 00, coarse do. $17 50 to $18 00, and coarse $14 17 50 @ $15 per ton mixed do.

OATS are selling from the stores at 47 to 50 cents per bushel.

SEEDS. Grandulated sugar is worth, middlings 8½ to 9c, and extra C. do 10 to 9½ cts per lb.

CHEESE. Home, Factory and Western cheese are worth from 12 to 13c cents per lb.

ONIONS are selling at $2 50 @ $2 75 per bbl

ORANGES are selling 1 $6.50 to $7 00 per box.

LEMONS are selling at $4 50 to $5 00 per box.

Produce Market.

State Law Regarding Weights and Measures.

A bushel of coal shall contain eight bushels. The standard weight of a bushel of beans shall be 60 pounds, of potatoes, wheat, beans and peas, 60 pounds, of corn, 56 pounds, of onions, 52 pounds, of clover seed, timothy seed, 45 pounds, of flax seed, 56 pounds, of hemp, 44 pounds, of barley and buckwheat, 48 pounds of peas, 60 pounds, or oven measure as by agreement.

The roads are in a very bad condition for teaming, and very few loads are coming in.

APPLES. Very few green apples in the market, and the range of prices high, 50 @ $6 00 per bbl, and $5 00 to $6 50 per bbl.

BUTTER. Good winter is decidedly scarce and sells at 25 cents. Common and inferior qualities are more plenty and sell from 18 @ 20 and 22 cents per pound.

BARLEY. Very little coming into market, and selling from 80 to 85 cents per bushel.

BEANS. On account of the large supply of western beans in the market, home raised are still selling at one dollar. Yellow eyes are worth from $2 75 to $2 90, and white beans $2 60 to $2 75, and $2 00.

CIDER is worth from 4 to 5 cents per gallon, 30 to 35 cents per gallon.

EGGS are selling to-day at 10 to 11 cts. per doz. The quotations for Boston market as 9 to 12 cents, State's eggs taking the best quotation.

FRESH FISH. Fresh cod are selling from 3 to 6 cents, haddock from 5 to 10 cts, pollock 3 cents, mackerel, 8 cents per pound. Lobsters, 8 cents per pound.

FRESH MEATS. Round steaks are selling from 15 to 16 cents, and Fresh Veal is worth by the side from 8 to 9 cents per pound. Corned beef is a very extra side may sell at 8 cents per. Mutton and Lambs are selling from 9 to 8 cents per pound.

HAY. Loose hay sells on the market from $18 @ $24 and $25, and pressed do. from $12 to $14 and $16 per ton. The Boston quotations are at present time for best, one by Baseley, at $18 to $19, medium $16 to $17, fine, $16, and poor at $15 per ton.

HONEY, as retailed in Bangor, is worth 20 @ 25 cents per pound, and in pails, or bulk, 15 cents per pound.

POTATOES are selling at 20 to 25 cts per bushel, and Early Rose at 30 to 35 cts per bushel.

POULTRY. Turkeys are selling from the market at 12 to 13 cents per pound and chickens at 12 to 14 cents. Geese and Ducks are worth 10 to 12 cents per pound.

STRAW is now selling on the market from $8 to $9 per ton, either cows or pressed.

SEEDS. Aroostook Herds grass $2.50, a bushel, Western do. $2 75 @ $3 00 per bushel, timothy, 1½ @ 2 bushels, Western do. 2 to 10, Vermont do, 10 to 12, and Alsike at cents per pound. Red top seed, $2 50 per bush, or 12 cents per pound, and Blue grass meadow $1.00 to $2.00 per bushel.

SYRUP Maple Syrup is selling in the streets at 75 to 80 per gallon.

WOOD AND COAL. Dry hard wood is worth from $3 00 to $3 50 and 4 per cord, according to quality, green do. $2 50 @ $3 50, and $4 00 for mixing. Lumber for Hackmatack, from $5 00 to $6 00. Pine lumber is scarce and is worth $6 00 per thousand delivered. Coal is worth $6 00 per ton.

WOOL, &c. Fleece wool is selling in small lots for unwashed, and washed is worth 30 cents per pound. Wool skins are worth from 40 cents to $1 and $1 25, according to length and quality. Veal skins, from 10 to 15 cts., and Hides 4½ to 5 cents per lb. Rendered Tallow is worth 4½ cents and tried do 6½ to 7 cents per pound.

Grocers' Wholesale Prices Current.

[REPORTED FOR THE WHIG AND COURIER.]

BEEF—Prime	$14 00@15 00
COFFEE—Rio	16 @ 17
Java Old Govt	30 @ 32
FISH—Dry, Cod, Bank, large	4 50 @ 5 00
Shore	4 00 @ 4 50
Pickled—Herring, split	5 @ 6
Mackerel, No. 1	18 00 @ 20 00
No. 2	14 00 @ 16 00
Scaled	18 @ 20
Salmon	18 @ 20
FLOUR—Minn. Patent	6 50 @ 7 00
St. Louis	6 00 @ 6 50
Michigan	5 50 @ 6 00
Spring	5 50 @ 6 00
Graham, Chaton	5 00 @ 5 50
Rye	4 50 @ 5 00
LARD—Tierces, Western	10 @ 10½
Kegs	10 @ 10½
Pails	10 @ 10½
MOLASSES—Porto Rico	40 @ 42
Barbadoes	37 @ 40
Trinidad	40 @ 42
New Orleans	40 @ 42
OATMEAL—Canada	5 00 @ 5 25
Scotch	5 00 @ 5 25
PETROLEUM—Boston, 150° test	11 @ 12
100° test	13 @ 14
Portland, 150° test	11 @ 12
PORK—Backs	14 00 @ 15 00
No. 1	13 00 @ 14 00
Clear	14 00 @ 15 00
RAISINS—L. M.	3 00 @ 3 25
Loose Layers	1 50 @ 1 75
RICE—Carolina	6 @ 7
SPICES—Pure Pepper, No Pod	20 @ 22
Cassia	11 @ 12
Ginger	12 @ 13
Cloves	30 @ 32
Nutmegs	75 @ 80
SUGAR—Gran. Standard	10 @ 10½
Yellow	8 @ 9
STARCH—Refined	6 @ 7
Crates	5 @ 6
SODA—American	6 @ 7
Jersey	6 @ 7
TEA—Oolong	30 @ 35
Formosa	40 @ 50
Japan	30 @ 35
VINEGAR—Pure Cider	20 @ 22
White	18 @ 20

VICK'S Flower Seeds!

A FULL ASSORTMENT

Just received and for sale at Vick's Prices by

CHAS. DWINEL.

Illustrated Catalogues at the Store.

Apr19

VIENNA BREAD! VIENNA BREAD!!

Having been at a large expense to procure the secret art of making this excellent bread, we are now prepared to offer to the public the genuine "Vienna Bread" at our place of business, 3 Pickering Square, or out of our carts on either side of the Stream.

FILES & JONES.

apr19 1w*

Canned Tomatoes.

1 lb 3 lb Can 2 oz Tomatoes

For 9 cts.

T. R. SAVAGE & CO.

18 West Market Square.

apr19

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MONDAY, APRIL 22, 1878.

GLOVER'S BET.

Mr. Chairman Glover, of the Committee on Expenditures of the Treasury Department, was unhappy until he was given authority to go into the drag-net business for the exposure of Republican corruption. He has been at it for several weeks and has made a number of hauls, but after shouting to the country to see what he was going to bring up, he and his party have been horribly disgusted to find last at each haul he was brought up some prominent Democrat hopelessly enmashed in that drag net. At one haul he landed no less a fish than Banning, the Chairman of the Military Committee, who proved to be the chap that had drawn two salaries for the same time. At another haul he dragged dripping to the surface the Sergeant-at-Arms and the whole Morrison investigating committee that was sent to Louisiana, with $10,000 of unaccounted-for Government money sticking somewhere among them. And again on Friday last alarming reports were circulated at the Capitol that Mr. Glover had made another haul of his net, and, as usual, caught a big Democratic fish, but it is said he tried to throw back his catch before any one discovered that he had him. The story is that he has found out that $5,000 of the funds belonging to the House of Representatives was loaned to a member of Congress. The danger of losing it, and the difficulty of recovering the money, caused the matter to be exposed.

As may well be imagined the Democrats are getting greatly disgusted with Glover and his fishing and without doubt he is the most thoroughly anathematized individual in the Confederate House. It is seen that this fishing is raising the mischief with the "party of reform," and the *Post*, the Washington party organ, has served Glover with this emphatic notice to stop fishing up Democrats:

"Mr. Glover has caused a large outcry, and produced very little wool by his shearing processes. Having annoyed his own party friends to the extent of his capacity, it is to be hoped that he will now give the country something for its money, and show up some of the corruption and rascality of the gentlemen who ran the Government into the ground and tried to break off."

MASSACRE ANNIVERSARIES.

President Hayes is expected to attend the centennial commemoration of the Wyoming massacre on July 3 and 4. The scenes and ceremonies are to recall as vividly as possible the Wyoming of 1778, the old forts and huts along the Susquehanna are to be rebuilt, and a tribe of Indians have been hired to do the counterfeit killing and scalping of the unhappy settlers. —Boston *Journal*.

If the President is fond of such exercises, he will have ample time between the 4th and the 8th to take a trip to Hamburg, South Carolina, where his dear friend, Gen. M. C. Butler, would no doubt be able to arrange a very interesting celebration of the second anniversary of the Hamburg massacre of July 8, 1876. Butler could readily recruit his gang of high-toned assassins across the bridge in Augusta, as on that memorable occasion, who would probably be quite willing to butcher a few "niggers" off hand to "recal as vividly as possible" how they did it before. Then the President could appropriately conclude the ceremonies with one of his beautiful speeches about conciliation, and the band could play "Dixie" and "The Star Spangled Banner." We feel sure that South Carolina will feel slighted if the President goes back a hundred years to find a massacre worth celebrating.

To show that we are not ready to credit an eccentric contemporary with a good thing when it chances to say it as to censure unfairness and dishonesty when they are exhibited, we notice some very pertinent remarks of the Portland *Advertiser* upon the disposition of the opponents of capital punishment to invoke sympathy for murderers by setting forth their excellent traits. The sister of Savage, who perpetrated the peculiarly brutal murder at Biddeford says he was "a good man" and the *Gospel Banner* remarks that "it does not appear from any source that Savage had ever committed any similar act, or that he was thievish, or a liar, or a drunkard." To which the *Advertiser* rather pointed replies:

"This good citizen was not a liar, though he called the bad woman whom he afterward killed, his sister; he was not a drunkard, though he took a bottle of whiskey along to enliven the water excursion to which he had invited her; he was not a thief, though he robbed her dead body of her poor little trinkets and even her clothing and took possession of her trunk at the depot; he had never committed any similar act, though his first wife died of cruel usage. Let us give this good man the meed of a few tears, and utter a few natural execrations over the grave of the bad woman, who, in all probability, put him up to the murder out of a perverse desire to be killed, or's malicious disposition to lead him into embarrassments."

Our readers will appreciate the cool impudence of the *Commercial* in charging that we turned upon the Rev. Dr. Tefft in a cowardly manner after he was "exposed," and that hitherto we were eager to defend him and swear that he is an angel of light." Our citizens generally will have a tolerably distinct recollection of the fact that when we felt constrained, some four or five years ago, to address some very plain talk to the Reverend journalist, the *Commercial* man wildly dashed into the fray as the ally of our antagonist, and we were obliged to administer discipline to the pair. As the person referred to has no longer the control of the columns of a newspaper, we have simply published a statement of facts that have been the subject of proceedings in two States, and that we omitted many of the damaging details with which his former newspaper ally has eagerly embellished the narration in his columns.

The Augusta (Ga.,) *Chronicle* says: "The day has gone by when people take fright at the name of ex-Confederate." Evidently it doesn't exchange with the BANGOR WHIG.—Boston *Herald*.

We confess that we are much more afraid of the schemes of ex-Confederates under the present circumstances than we were of Confederates when they were recognized by the country as traitors in arms. We wonder how many of the *Herald* folks went out to see the Confederates in those days.

Mr. O'Connor, the Democratic Chairman of the Military Committee of the Ohio House of Representatives, having been fully identified as a notorious bounty jumper and an ex-convict of the Michigan Penitentiary, the Democratic members who defended him as long as possible, are now begging the Republicans to permit him to resign rather than have a full expose

THE "WILLIAM AND MARY" DEBATE.

[Grace Greenwood in N. Y. Times.]

Friday of last week was a great day in the House. We had a most animated discussion, and several remarkably fine speeches on the bill to reimburse poor old William and Mary for property destroyed during the war. First we had Mr. Hoar's long report, which is a singular piece of special and specious pleading; then came Mr. Goode, making a good many extracts from that same report, and advocating the measure as though the honor and salvation of the whole country depended upon it; and then strode into the arena the new Massachusetts gladiator, Loring, who proceeded to make a grand, magnanimous pacification, conciliatory effort. It was an eloquent speech and a scholarly, and yet one that seemed to us rabid radicals a splendid piece of demagogism and fradical subserviency. It was an effort as fit for an ex-Confederate reconciled and soothed somewhat, but of the South, Southy as not a Northern Administration Republican. It was in great part thunder stolen from the Southern Democracy, of the most arboreacratic type. In the course of his remarks, he said: "Had my own Alma Mater, the Harvard College fallen before the storm of war which burst over our land, I should be here appealing to this Government for her restoration, to this Congress for its bounty. In the same spirit I come for William and Mary, ready to forget her errors," etc. Indeed case he supposes, he or some other Harvard graduate would be compelled to do all the "appealing," for no gallant son of William and Mary would have volunteered to engineer or advocate, in a time like this, reimbursement from the National Treasury. The word would then have been: "Let every Alma Mater paddle her own canoe." The easy, complacent way with which many of our men fall into Southern plans and Southern ways of thinking indicate that it is no so hard after all "to hold with the hare and hunt with the hounds." A strangely one-sided idea of conciliation, of concession, and virtual confession of wrong pervades many of the efforts made on this and kindred questions. These entering wedges of Southern claims are driven in by zealous Northern consciators. If, when the old Indian of the story talked "Bible" he meant "cider," when certain shrewd Confederates talk peace and fraternity they mean subsidies and appropriations. Southern Democracy, hungry naturally enough, for the spoils of which it has been so long deprived, is astute enough to appeal in a case like this to the finer sentimentalities of the North, and especially to the intellectual sympathies of Northern scholars, and the magnanimity Northern philanthropists, whose "occupation is gone" since slavery has been abolished. You never know where to find these eclectic politicians and I should not have been astonished to see Mr. Butler rang or himself on the side of the old college, representing Boston "culcher," and breaking out with a mild eruption of familiar Latin

All was going on swimmingly for the cause of the university under the impulse Mr. Goode's gush of patriotic memories, the force Mr. Hoar's "inventory," and the mighty rushing wind of Mr. Loring's rhetoric, when the remorseless Reed and the barbarous Townsend came upon the scene. The strong, practical sense of the one, and the wit and sarcasm of the other, the watchful loyalty and clear foresight of both, served to stave off the modest claim for a time at least, to the disappointment and chagrin of that same fraternally disposed and peace-proclaiming Southern Democracy.

MASSACHUSETTS AND THE REBEL GRABS.

[From the Boston Traveller.]

However the Republicans of Massachusetts may agree to disagree upon the policy of the Administration or other minor issue there can be no doubt about their united, earnest, determined opinion of the flood of rebel "claims" now before Congress and clamorous for consideration. They are, one and all, grabs of the most inexcusable and monstrous nature, and no amount of plausible whitewash can conceal the cloven foot under the whole mass. This feeling is not confined to the Republican party; it inspires the taxpayers generally, and will not down at any one's bidding.

We are forced upon this subject by the sharp criticisms that come to us from all directions, and especially from the Republicans of the Sixth District, with reference to Dr. Loring's late speech urging the appropriation of a large sum for the reimbursement of William and Mary College for losses sustained at the hands of the Union army during the war. These criticisms are all justified by the fact that long before the war that institution of learning was a nursery of treason and disunion, and that, before the Union soldier took possession of it, its services were freely given to the Confederacy. It had in every way possible forfeited all claim to consideration and made itself legitimate prey for the Union army. There is no reason under the sun, as the *Traveller* has already shown why that institution should be paid for its disloyalty, any more than would be good in behalf of pensioning the heirs of Lee or Stonewall Jackson because they had revolutionary blood in their veins, and had been loyal when loyalty cost nothing.

But these criticisms upon Dr. Loring have been stronger than they might have been in view of his tortuous course as a radical Republican at home and a polorless one in Washington. His constituents have watched his strange course very closely. Nominated and elected because of his radical views, no sooner did he arrive in Washington, they say, than he began to talk ship and trim his sails to the warming Southern breeze. They have no complaint to make of his wonderful friendship for the President, for that is a matter upon which a difference of opinion is allowable. But they do think that the sudden transformation from radical Republicanism to Southern State rights propagandism is worthy of a genius that should be capable of giving more solid reasons for revolving than Dr. Loring has given.

And this opening of the rebel grab business in the form of the William and Mary college snare is regarded as the cap sheaf in Dr. Loring's harvest of political hodge-podge. Should this grab succeed and pave the way, as it is intended to do, for the avalanche of bigger grabs which are in ambush awaiting that result, the Sixth District will find its voice in a manner which will leave no doubt of its opinion about the necessity of conciliating every red-handed traitor and pensioning every impecunious rebel institution for the sake of a delusive peace. Massachusetts Republicans may be dazed with glittering generalities, sometimes, but they have no disposition to open the United States Treasury in the interest of the rebel grab game.

THE SPEAKING MACHINE

The inventor of the Edison phonograph gave exhibitions with the instrument on Thursday at the Capital in Washington in presence of a large number of Senators and Representatives. Messrs. Garfield, Cox of New York, and others, spoke in the phonograph and their voices and speeches were reproduced with remarkable accuracy, the volume and peculiarity of sound and emphasis of each speaker being plainly recognized. An interview published in the *Star* Mr. Edison describes a marvelous discovery recently made. He says: "Nig it before last I found out some additional points about the carbon which I use in my carbon telephone. It may be used as a heat measurer. It will detect one-fifty-thousandth of a degree, Fahrenheit. I don't know yet when I can make an arrangement by which the heat of the stars will close the circuit at the proper time automatically and directly. It is a curious idea that the heat of a star millions of miles away should close a circuit on this miserable little earth, but I do not think it is impossible." Of the practical uses for which the phonograph may be made available, Mr. Edison says: "I expect to have my improved phonograph ready in four or five months. This will be useful for many purposes. A business man can speak a letter to the machine and his office boy, who need not be a short hand writer, can write it down at any time, as rapidly or slowly as he desires. Then we mean to use it to enable persons to enjoy good music at home. Say, for instance, that Adelina Patti sings the Blue Danube into the phonograph; we will reproduce the perforated tin-foil on which her singing is impressed, and can sell it for pleces. It can be reproduced any number of times with equal fullness and about one-half the original volume. In the same way the tones of a great elocutionist can be preserved and heard. The President of the American Philological Society wants one of my improved phonographs to preserve the accents of the Ogibbeway and Tuscarora, which are dying out. One old man speaks the language fluently and correctly, and he is afraid that he will die. The phonograph will preserve the exact pronunciation."

THE HOSE COMPANIES.

To the Editor of the Whig and Courier:

The piece of economy reducing the number of firemen on each of the hose companies from fifteen to twelve men each is hardly judicious. They are located near the outskirts and consequently have further to run on the average. Promptness being an essential, it ought to be understood that they have nearly 1000 pounds to haul and at night fires, cannot depend upon more than nine or ten men; one stationed at the hydrant, six on the line of hose, two at the pipe and the officer in charge, leaves but a small number for the second line of hose, which is always last at any considerable fire. The run with the weight attached is quite fatiguing. One of the companies purchased a light carriage at *their own expense*, and substituted it for the one furnished by the city, which they found too weighty for fifteen men. With the amount of property at risk and the amount of the risk, reduction of means of safety is not wise. We believe in economy in this and all the other departments, but parsimony in dealing with the fire department is not economy. PROPERTY.

Bangor, April 20th, 1878.

Special Notices.

MR. GEO. T. WOODY

With open air evening class in Singing, for ladies and gentlemen,

NEXT FRIDAY EVENING, April 26th,

at room in Rose Block Main Street.

Ticket for the term, $1.00.

apr22

MUSIC HALL!

The series of Matinees given during the season just past will close on NEXT TUESDAY, April 23d, with an evening Party.

Dancing from 7½ until 10 P. M.

Admission 50 cents.

apr22 M. H. ANDREWS.

TO THE

VIA

ANCHOR LINE

(CARRYING U. S. MAILS.)

Weekly sailings of express passenger steamers

FROM NEW YORK TO GLASGOW

via the north coast of Ireland, calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers.

This route forms by far the finest approach to Great Britain, unequalled as it is for many views of magnificent scenery in the Firth and River Clyde.

LONDON SERVICE.

Steamers of this line sail every week from

NEW YORK TO LONDON DIRECT,

landing passengers at Victoria Docks.

The Anchor Line Steamers are first-class in every respect.

RATES OF PASSAGE

To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Belfast, AND LONDON DIRECT.

First Cabin, $65 and $50; Second Cabin, $40. Excursion tickets, good one year, $120 and $140, currency.

EXCURSIONS to PARIS and return, *at special rates*, combining several different routes, can be planned on a pamphlet which may be had by applying to

W. E. BROWN, Agent,

apr22 21 Main St., Bangor, Me.

LITERARY & MUSICAL

ENTERTAINMENT.

The citizens of Bangor are to be once more favored with an opportunity of listening to

MISS GEORGIA E. CANVAN, acknowledged by the press to be the most Gifted and Talented Reader before the American Public.

MISS DORA H. WILEY, the favorite Soprano; MR. JOHN HOWARD, the eminent Pianist, in Music Hall, Monday Evening, April 29, 1878.

This will be an entertainment well calculated to please all tastes of a literary or musical character. Those who enjoy a good Laugh, will be afforded an excellent opportunity, and those having tears to be moved to sympathy by them, as Miss CANVAN will in her beautiful face and wonderful voice, is equally good in the Humorous as in Pathetic vein. Miss WILEY and Mr. HOWARD can safely be relied upon to please all endowed with a taste for Music. As this will be their last appearance here this season, lets give them a full house and one who may be in doubt as to their merits, we will simply refer to any one who had the pleasure of hearing them when here before, and feel sure of their presence at the coming entertainment.

apr22

MUSICAL & LITERARY

ENTERTAINMENT.

The members of the Seminary will give a Musical and Literary entertainment at the Seminary Chapel,

MONDAY EVENING, April 22, 1878,

assisted by good Talent.

Entertainment to commence at 7:30.

Tickets 25 cents, for sale at Barnes',

apr20 3w 21

ELEGANT

Easter Cards,

AT SMITH & SONS',

apr20 9 Hammond

HEADQUARTERS

Who reads this paper has the intention of purchasing a HAT for herself or daughters as we will be likely to find what she wants at a far lower price than she expected, at

DWELLEY & CO'S,

apr20 45 Main Street.

DR. J. M. BLAISDELL,

Having fully regained his health, has resumed to his practice in Bangor.

Office, on Main St. in Block occupied by N. C. Dearing. Residence on corner of Essex and Somerset Sts.

apr20 tf

Piano-forte Tuning,

BY F. H. LOUGEE.

All orders left with M. H. ANDREWS, No. 2 Kenduskeag Bridge, will be promptly attended to.

dec7

2, 3, 4 & 6 BUTTONS

Embroidered Kid Gloves

IN

BEAUTIFUL SPRING COLORS,

AT

JACOB STERN & CO.

apr20

7 56 INCHES WIDE,

50 CENTS A YARD.

A RARE BARGAIN.

AT

JACOB STERN & CO.

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NOROMBEGA HALL.

Thursday, April 25th.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

STETSON'S

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN

W. JOHN STETSON.....MANAGER

(Also of the Globe Theatre and Howard Athenæum, Boston).

BURLESQUE, BALLET & SPECTACLE,

In the Grand, Glittering Extravaganza,

OR, WHO KILLED COCK ROBIN.

Embracing a Cortege of

30 - - BEAUTIES - - 30

The Educated Donkey, Great Spelling Bee, Story of Poor Cock Robin, etc.

Doors open at 7; Commence at 7:45.

Reserved seats now ready at Bugbee's Book store.

apr18

100 PAIRS

Josephine Seamless Kid Gloves.

Every Pair Warranted.

ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF A PAIR.

NEW SPRING SHADES

AT

JACOB STERN & CO.

apr20

Hibernia Mutual Benevolent Society

will take place at MUSIC HALL,

On Monday Evening, April 22d.

Floor Tickets, $1 00

Gallery Tickets, 75

Supper will be served at the Ladies' Room at 11:30 o'clock.

Music by ANDREWS' ORCHESTRA.

Per order Committee of Arrangements.

apr13

Jacob Stern & Co.

OFFER NOW

Every Department Complete!

THE RICHEST GOODS!

AT POPULAR PRICES!

Please call and examine

apr10 in 1s

HOUSE FOR SALE.

The desirable Cottage House lately occupied by the subscriber, No. 14 Hayden St., having ten rooms, a complete Bath-room, Furnace, Cemented Cistern, &c. A very comfortable home near City centre at a low price. Terms easy.

Unless sold by May 15th will be offered at public auction. For further particulars inquire of

CHAS. H. WOOD,

apr19 summay15 41 and 43 Veaz Market Sq.

JUST RECEIVED.

SMALL

AND

Fresh Mackerel, Shad, Cod and Halibut,

AT

C. H. KIRKPATRICK'S,

No. 5 Harlow Street.

apr13 m 1w

HORSES FOR SALE.

ONE PAIR MATCHED BLACK ROANS, weighing 2800 pounds,—very handsome.

ONE Extra Excellent Driving Horse, all sound and kind. The above Horses are from Houlton. Purchasers are invited to call at ELDRIDGE, NICHOLS' Stable and examine them.

L. W. STEVENS.

apr18 8m 19*

EXHIBITION

Exhibition and Sale of BRAUN'S CARBON REPRODUCTIONS of the WORKS OF THE OLD MASTERS and of important MODERN PICTURES, for a short time, at the UNITY CLUB ROOMS, Hatch's Block.

apr16 m

STOVE FURNISHERS,

No. 6 State St.,

and see how low you can get Goods in this line for Cash.

apr16 m 1w*

WANTED.

Canvassers and Agents for the NEW AMERICAN SEWING MACHINE. Liberal Inducements offered.

Apply at 74 Main St., Bangor.

mch25 m tf*

For Rent.

Store No. 8 Harlow's Block, Kenduskeag Bridge, now occupied by A. E. Robinson as a Fruit Store. Tools and Steer Manufactory, supplied with Holly water, &c. The location is its own recommendation. Apply to S. C. HARLOW,

apr8 m 111 Centre St.

Mr. John L. Hodgson, Jr.,

Having given up his room on Main Street, will hereafter give instruction in Vocal Music at the residence of his pupils.

TERMS.

$10 for twenty hour lessons.

$5 for twenty half hour lessons.

march11 m

THE SALE!

SEWING MACHINES

FOR SALE AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

BY

BANKERS,

and Proprietors of the

BANGOR

Safe Deposit Vaults,

No. 7 Kenduskeag Block, Bangor.

$50, $100, $500 and $1000 Bonds constantly on hand for sale. We Buy and Sell all Marketable Securities, and transact a regular Banking Business.

april1 3m

AT THE

NEW STORE

You can still get the same quality of goods for less money than of any other parties. A well selected stock of both

SQUARE AND UPRIGHT

PIANOS,

constantly on hand. Would call especial attention to the W. P. EMERSON, both figure and upright, they being an old established make and remarkable for standing in tune. THE LATEST STYLES OF ORGANS always on hand among which are a variety of the celebrated

PALACE ORGANS

Which, besides having all the improvements of the modern organs, have many new and valuable ones never before offered. The same will be explained to any who wish. Band Instruments, Strings and Sheet Music, and other Musical merchandise very low.

C. F. SAWTELLE.

march15 Com. copy 26 Main Street

THE

PIANO & ORGAN ROOMS

At Brewer will continue to run under the management of

CHAS. B. WYMAN,

Successor to WM. McGILVERY & CO.

Per P. O. Address, Bangor, Me.

April 5, 1878. 3m

The undersigned would receive pupils especially in Latin, Greek, and the Mathematics; necessary preparation for the classical course included. Any one interested is invited to communicate with him, either personally or by mail.

JAMES H. CROSBY,

feb7 13m 9 Fire Engine House, Bangor.

D. W. MAXFIELD,

DENTIST.

Office No. 21-2 Strickland's Block,

Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor, Maine.

Ether administered when desired, and all work warranted.

m oct18

Miss NELLIE DAGGETT

Has just returned from New York with a Stock of MILLINERY GOODS which will be opened TODAY in half of Store occupied by E. G. Dow & Co.

Feeling confident that her work will give satisfaction, as it formerly has, she will be pleased to receive orders from her friends and others wishing first class MILLINERY, TRIMMED HATS AND BONNETS, also CAPS and HEAD DRESSES constantly on hand.

No. 60 Main Street.

apr1 1aw3w

LUMBERMEN AND RIVER DRIVERS

TAKE NOTICE.

That I am prepared to furnish Scull Oars, Butt Oars, Oars, Paddles, Spikes and Sawed Stuff, 5 sets Ash, Spruce and Maple Poles, and Setting Poles, of a superior quality and at short notice. Don't fail calling on Jos. Dunn as he supplies all others. Farmer that are in want of any of the above Driving Tools had better compare my prices with those offered elsewhere.

All orders promptly attended to.

EDMUND FREEMAN.

Oldtown, Jan. 15th, 1878. en 6m*

Also SPRING SUITS, MENS AND BOYS. A large lot just received and selling at Prices gauranteed as low or lower than the lowest. Call and see the goods and prices.

J. E. CHAPMAN & CO.

march20 1mdw

The Original Piano

is, from its small, compact form and handsome appearance, very much sought after by many families and houses where a Square Piano could not conveniently be placed. The volume of tone is fully equal to any Square Piano, and the quality of its tone is of the most exquisite musical character. The durability of Upright Pianos, and their capacity of standing in tune, is unquestioned, as the beauty of Piano-making. I have both UPRIGHT and SQUARE PIANOS of all grades and prices, including the unapproachable

STEINWAY & SONS.

PIANO COVERS, Elegant designs, Piano Stools, Violins, Accordeons, Flutes, Harmoniums.

New Music every day, everything in the musical line. Pianos to let and Pianos tuned.

F. S. DAVENPORT,

Main St., under Globe Hotel.

apr1

W. F. DICKEY & CO'S Hardware Specialties.

BEST CLOTHES WRINGERS for: $5.00

WINDOWS & DOORS (Lowest price). 35 cts.

CUCUMBER WOOD PUMPS (lowest price). 5.00

HAND SAWS, short, 50 cts.

HARDWARE at less price than ever before.

Agents for MISSOURI WHITE LEAD.

Also, LARD, WHALE AND NEATS FOOT OIL.

PAINTS AND OILS very low.

apr11

RELIABLE

SECURITIES!

GOVERNMENT, STATE, COUNTY, CITY AND TOWN BONDS.

And All Marketable Securities Bought and Sold,

—AT—

W. . . WEBB & CO.

apr20

We call the attention of the public to our strictly Pure White Lead, for which we have appointed RICE & SKINNER Sole Agents for Bangor and vicinity.

BURGESS, FORES & CO.

Portland, March 18, 1878. m

THE

Connecticut Mutual

LIFE INS. CO., OF HARTFORD,

has paid through this Agency alone about $24,111 for Claims since January 1st, 1878. For particulars concerning the Company apply to

I. N. FAIRBANKS, Gen'l Agent.

Room 3, 21 Main Street, Bangor.

mch20

GREAT SLAUGHTER

200 PIANOS AND ORGANS, at Wholesale prices to reduce our stock to a suitable room for the

Little Model Upright Piano.

SPECIAL CASH OFFERS.

1 New 7-Octave Piano, elegant Rosewood case, carved legs, price $350, only $255.

2 New 6-Octave Organs, price $265, for only $95.

1 Good 7-Octave Cabinet Org Piano, four round corners, Rosewood case, only $150.

1 Good 5-Octave Organ, only $55.

These Pianos are fully warranted and kept in tune for One Year. If the above prices are below enough, please call and make your own prices as they must be sold.

PATTEN & WHEELOCK,

oct8 dtw

BASE BALLS,

Rubber Balls, Foot Balls, Marbles, Bats and Hoops,

Now Stock at

John T. Bowler & Co.'s,

(Successors to M. H. Andrews,)

apr19 sn No. 8 Kenduskeag Bridge.

DR. LEMON

has removed to

No. 7 Adams St., near York St.

apr22 tf (Com. copy)

MARRIED.

In Brooksport, April 19th, by Rev. W. W. Marsh, Mr. Fred A. Goodwin of Winterhaven, and Miss Christiana C. Avery of Frankfort.

DIED.

In Sweetser Village, April 18th, Ezra A. Kent, aged 11 years.

List of Letters,

Remaining in the Post Office in Bangor, Penobscot County, Maine, Apr. 20, 1878. Persons calling for any of these letters will please say 'Advertised,' and give the date of the list.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

A: Adams A H, Anderson, Rev A W C, Ash, Robert; Bartlett J S, Bragg & Cook, Bickle J & Neal C, Crosby Wm G, Dickie, H H, Ellis, John & Co E, Foster, John R 2, Ford, Harry, Foye, G O, Garton, Wm S, Gleason, Chas, Hutchinson, Chas, Hawley, James, James, L H, Matthews, A B, Stewart, Carl 2, Sargent, Virgil E, Shaw, Charlie E, Shaw, D E, Watson, Samuel G 2d, Wyman, Allen, Webber, L S, Wood, H B.

LADIES' LIST.

Abbott miss Helen, Carpenter mrs Mary A, Decker miss L H, Gliddon, miss Esther, Garnett, mrs E A, Hanson, mrs Henrietta, Haley, miss Mary O, O'Brien, Miss Lizzie, Palmer, mrs Susan H, Powers, miss Mary E, Russell, mrs Stephen, Ray, miss Lizzie, Sawyer, mrs Ann E P, Smiley, miss E S, Toothaker, mrs O be d, Trask miss E J, Thompson, Chirn A. E. FARNHAM, P. M.

Just received a large assortment of PARIS NOVELTIES in very choice styles

LADIES' SETS.

Another consignment of CAMELS' HAIR SHAWLS at less than one half the prices of last year.

BLACK SILKS

LOWER THAN EVER. These goods we make a specialty of, and are selling as low or lower than Boston prices.

SHETLAND SHAWLS.

The largest assortment we have ever shown.

Also, a full line of

MOURNING SHAWLS,

At No. 68 Main Street.

Williams & Seccombe.

apr22

FOR SALE.

This fine bred stallion, is of a rich brown color, perfectly sound, without a blemish, stands sixteen hands high, six years old, with a record of 2.41 on a new half mile track, can trot very much faster.

He was bred in New Jersey, by W. C. Norton, and has fully established his sweetness, as Lady Kilgore, Lady Fletcher, and others very promising. He was sired by Black Dunkirman, he by Bobby's Old Dick Blackwell, he by Young Rainbow, and he by Imported Grand Arabian, (Arabian.) His dam was the renowned mare Jennie, who has a record of 2.40, and was favorably mentioned through the United States at the time of her death. Through his grandam he gets two strains of Messenger, she being by Dutchman, by old Abdallah, and through two Abdallah hens gets one strain.

For full particulars as to terms, &c., apply to CHAS. W. BOLES,

144 Elliot Row, St. John, N. B.

apr22 1m

NOTICE.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of WIGGIN & CHAMBLIN, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The affairs of the concern will be settled by Mr. CHARLES P. WIGGIN. The business will be continued by Mr. WIGGIN at the old stand.

CHARLES P. WIGGIN.

AUGUSTUS CHAMPLIN.

Bangor, April 10, 1878. ap22sd3w

PARTNERSHIP DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of SAUNDERS, PETTENGILL & CO., is this day mutually dissolved. The business will be settled by Mr. SAUNDERS, to whom all persons owning it are requested to make immediate payment. Brewer Ferry Way.

A. SAUNDERS,

E. PETTENGILL.

W. F. DOE.

Brewer, April 20, 1878.

Notice of Assignee of His Appointment.

In the DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the DISTRICT of MAINE, in the matter of JOHN R. MASON, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy. District of Maine, ss: At Bangor, the 2d day of April, A. D. 1878. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of LOAMMI NORRIS of Hampden, in the County of Penobscot and State of Maine, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District, 22nd January, A. D. 1878.

JOHN R. MASON, Assignee.

apr2 cdtw3w

HALL & BRADLEY.

Pure White Lead!

THOS. JENKINS & SON, Agents,

apr17 1w for Bangor and Eastern Maine.

SALEM

Pure White Lead!

THOS. JENKINS & SON, Agents,

apr17 1w for Bangor and Eastern Maine.

For Rent.

House No. 11 Maple Street, pleasantly situated, with modern conveniences. Rooms to be painted throughout. Enquire at No. 5, same street. GEO. W. MANSFIELD.

april

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Notice is hereby given, that on the eighteenth day of April, A. D. 1878, Richard P. Stone of Bangor, assigned to me all his property, both real and personal, except such as is by law exempt from attachment, for the benefit of all his creditors. Persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay.

JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Assignee.

apr20

NOTICE.

The Stockholders of the Bangor Gas Light Company are hereby notified that the annual meeting of said Company will be holden at their office in Bangor, MONDAY, the 6th day of May next, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the choice of Directors and transaction of any other business that may legally come before said meeting.

President ALBERT ROLTON,

Bangor Gas Light Company.

Bangor, April 15, 1878.

LOST.

A Wallet containing a small sum of money and a note signed by Eliza R. Harriman. Whoever will leave the same at this office will be suitably rewarded. All persons are cautioned against purchasing said note.

apr19 3t* ELIZA R. HARRIMAN.

NOTICE.

For the convenience of customers I shall open my BRANCH STORE at

No. 2 Bread Street, Bangor,

THURSDAY, April 18th,

where will be found a stock of

FIRST CLASS FARM IMPLEMENTS.

Also, Repair pieces for all my Implements for sale.

Farmers are cordially invited to examine our stock and compare prices.

MR. THOMAS ATWOOD will have charge of this Store, and be pleased to show our implements.

No trouble to show Goods.

FRED ATWOOD.

apr17 MWSdw

CORSETS. CAMPBELL

A large lot of NEW CORSETS, at the

BANGOR BAZAR,

All Prices from 38c to $1.25.

The Best 50 cent Corset in the market.

A lot of $1.00 Corsets to be closed out, only 65 cents.

Dr. Warren's Health Corsets in all numbers,—the best yet.

Also Madam Foy's Corset and Skirt Supporter,

and other Styles at low prices.

GLOVES.

Kid Gloves only 50 cents.

Buttons, Braids, Ties, Bows, Ribs, Needles, and a general stock of SMALL WARES.

A large lot of Lace Pins, Cuff Pins, for 20 and 25 cents. Neck, Chains, and a large variety of Jewelry.

Good Hair Brushes, only 10 cents each.

Wallets for 5 cents and 10 cents.

A first class Wallet only 20 cts.

Children's Carriages,

in all the latest styles at lower prices than ever before. Toys Cars and Wagons.

Base Ball for 5 cents, Rubber Ball for 3 cents. Bird Cages, and a large assortment of

TOYS AND FANCY GOODS,

AT THE

BANGOR BAZAR.

apr19

BICKFORD'S VIEWS.

The spring has come, and SALMON shine
In Norumbega's stalls,
Where BICKFORD stands with knife in hand,
To answer earnest calls.

From Boston and from Gloucester,
From Rockland and St. John,
The treasures of the sky and sea
Are by the Major won—

Won to distribute to his friends,
We to them this duty town,
Who have their order every day,
And pay them money down.

"Their money down?" Don't be afraid,
By this it can't be said
For choicest, rarest, freshest, cheapest,
Every kind of FISH!

Fresh MACKEREL and HALIBUT,
CODFISH, HAKE and SHAD
Such rousing SALMON and ALEWIVES
As can't elsewhere be had!

Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Scallops, Clams, Bacon specialties as the same
And every day that swims the deep,
That's worth the pencil's rhyme.

They come by express at my call
Through telephone or horn,
To tempt admiring customers
At early two and morn!

Come, my old and well-tried friends,
Relieve your heads from pain,
For know that fish and phosphorus
Invigorate the brain!

Tis at your hand hearts many all rejoice
To see the Major's smile,
As he shall laugh, with grateful voice,
Your favors to his guile!

apr19 THOMAS BICKFORD.

CRANBERRIES

New Crop Porto Rico Molasses.

Flower and Garden Seeds.

J. H. SNOW,

apr10 25 West Market Square.

A. M. MASON has this day been admitted as partner with me in the Bond and Stock business. The style of the firm will be W. J. WEBB & CO.

W. J. WEBB.

Bangor, April 18, 1878.

BANGOR, SEDGWICK,

Ft. Point, Castine, Islesboro, Dee, sle, Bluehill and Brooklyn.

Steamer MAY FIELD, Captain [illegible] S. E. Harbison, will leave Bangor for Sedgwick, every Wednesday and Saturday, at 6 A. M., touching at Hampden at 7:30, Winterport at 8:30, Frankfort at 9:30, Prospect Ferry at 10:00, Searsport at 10:30, Belfast at 11:00, arriving at Sedgwick at 2:00 P. M. Returning will leave Sedgwick for Bangor every Monday and Thursday morning at 5 A. M., touching at Deer Isle, 8:30 Islesboro, 11:00; Castine, 12:00 M.; Fort Point, 1:00 P. M., Bucksport, 2:00, arriving at Bangor at 4:00.

Fare from Bangor, Hampden and Winterport to Castine, $1 00, Islesboro, $1 25; Deer Isle and Sedgwick, $1 50; Cabin and meals extra, $2 00.

For further particulars apply to agents of the FRANK D. FULLER, Age't,

No 19 Exchange St., Bangor.

Bangor, April 19, 1878.

For Sale.

Received to-day from the Spring, therefore I offer for sale at a Bargain, Stock, Fixtures and good will of Store No. 8 Kenduskeag Bridge. Rent low. Location the best in the city.

CHAS. SORENTZ.

mar28 4ws*

PASTURE.

A first-class pasture for horses. Good water and fences. Enquire of

BENJAMIN BEAN, Cottageville.

Bangor, April 16, 1878. 3w*

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JOHN R. MASON, Assignee.

apr2 cdtw3w

HALL & BRADLEY.

Pure White Lead!

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House No. 11 Maple Street, pleasantly situated, with modern conveniences. Rooms to be painted throughout. Enquire at No. 5, same street. GEO. W. MANSFIELD.

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JOS. S. WHEELWRIGHT, Assignee.

apr20

NOTICE.

The Stockholders of the Bangor Gas Light Company are hereby notified that the annual meeting of said Company will be holden at their office in Bangor, MONDAY, the 6th day of May next, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the choice of Directors and transaction of any other business that may legally come before said meeting.

President ALBERT ROLTON,

Bangor Gas Light Company.

Bangor, April 15, 1878.

LOST.

A Wallet containing a small sum of money and a note signed by Eliza R. Harriman. Whoever will leave the same at this office will be suitably rewarded. All persons are cautioned against purchasing said note.

apr19 3t* ELIZA R. HARRIMAN.

NOTICE.

For the convenience of customers I

Whig and Courier.

MONDAY, APRIL 22, 1878.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

LATEST DETAILS.

BUILDINGS AND HORSES BURNED.

LOSS OVER $25,000.

The Fire Still Raging and a Heavy Wind Blowing.

CALAIS, April 22 A fire broke out at 1 o'clock this forenoon in the stable of D. M. Gardner & Co. which was entirely consumed with several horses and most of the contents. The dwellings of Henry C. Copeland and Daniel M. Gardner and the International Hotel with outbuildings are now on fire and can only be saved into badly damaged condition.

The stores of Gahong Bros., Stephen F. Pike and D. Wallis are in great danger and their contents have been removed. The tower of the Episcopal church was on the several times; also, the dwelling of William Deming. Great efforts are being made to save them. No estimate of the loss can be given at his time, but it must exceed $25,000. A strong Northwest wind is prevailing.

FROM PORTLAND.

Fatalities.

PORTLAND April 21. David S. Bell of Mobile, fell overboard from ship Lydia Skolfield, April 3d, and was drowned. A seaman, name unknown, fell from the jibboom-end head to the deck of a vessel in the same trade-day and received fatal injuries.

POSTAL CHANGES.

WASHINGTON, April 21. The following postal changes have been made: Offices established—South Washington, Knox county, Me., Geo. A. Pecoster, Postmaster. Postmasters appointed—F. S. Thompson Embden, Somerset county; Chas. G. Smith, Newsbaroh; Mrs. N. L. Putnam, South Berwick, Penobscot county.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

FORTY-FIFTH CONGRESS—Second Session.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 20.

The Senate was not in session to-day.

House.

The Speaker announced the appointment of Benjamin Dean of Massachusetts, as a member of the Committee on Expenditures in the State Department, vice Walker, resigned; Acklen as a member of the Committee on the Revision of the laws, vice Conkling, deceased; and Ryan as a member of the Committee to fill a vacancy.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Post Office appropriation bill.

The appropriation for the publication of post route maps, was increased from $25,000 to $40,000.

Mr. Blount on the part of the Appropriations Committee submitted as a substitute for the section in regard to the compensation of fourth class Postmasters, an amendment providing that such compensation shall be the whole of the box rent collected at the office, a commission on unpaid postage collected, on all receipts from waste papers, etc., and postage stamps and postal cards canceled on matter addressed, mailed at their offices and providing further that such compensation shall not exceed $250 in any one quarter exclusive of commissions on money order business.

The provision of the bill for the appointment of special mail agents was stricken out and without further action the Committee rose.

Mr. Tucker from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a bill relating to the tax on tobacco, incomes and other internal taxation. The Speaker decided the resolution could only be entertained by unanimous consent.

Mr. White of Penn. objected to considering the bill. The resolution was withdrawn and the bill referred to the Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Glover rising to a question of privilege and read an article in to-day's New York Tribune, which stated that Glover's investigating Committee caught a Democratic fish and had found out that $5000 had been loaned out of funds belonging to the House to a member of Congress, the date, city of getting loan, the money having been paid in Washington. Mr. Glover denied any knowledge of such a transaction and said so far as my Committee is concerned the statement is totally without foundation."

The House at 4.40 adjourned.

NEW YORK CITY.

A Stock Flurry.

NEW YORK, April 20. The great excitement on the Stock Exchange this afternoon at the opening was a break of over six per cent in North west common as compared with the closing quotations on Thursday, while the general list declined 2 a 4 in sympathy. The reason for the break in the Northwest common to 43 against 54 at the close, on Thursday, was due to the fact that there were a large number of stop loss orders on the stock at 54 and 53, the sudden pressure of this stock on the market forcing a decline. After these sales ceased stock recovered to 52½ while the general list rallied 2 a 1¼ the latter Western Union.

The Charges Against Examiners.

It is stated here that the major portion of the testimony upon which detective Curtis of the Treasury Department based his charges against the importers, was obtained from a person named Ash. who was discharged from the Custom House. This man once offered to sell what he called important information relative to claims on the Government to Phelps, Dodge & Co., but they refused to have anything to do with them. Their claim of $17,493 arising from a case in 1857, was settled in court by establishing the equity thereof. None of the claims referred to by Curtis appear to date later than 1861.

WASHINGTON.

The Revenue Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 20. The Committee on Ways and Means, six members only being present, agreed to report an amendment to the revenue bill levying a tax of 16 cents per pound on tobacco, $5 per thousand on cigars, $1.25 per thousand on cigarettes, not weighing more than 3½ pounds, and the income tax 2 per cent. on all sums over $2,000. While some of the members of the committee agreed that the bill should be reported, they reserved the right to support it or not as they deem proper.

The Schurzmacher Case.

The testimony in the McGarahan case was closed to-day and the committee will hear arguments.

MARYLAND.

The Same Keys Difficulty.

BALTIMORE, April 20. P. S. Murglando agent of the Baltimore Co., formed to work the Morant Guano Keys under a claim of American discovery, has returned. He found the British Government in possession of the Keys, and was obliged to purchase a lease from that Government before the Americans could go to work. The vessel sent out by the latter was cleared under the authority of the United States Government and the matter is in the hands of the State Department for adjustment. The lease was purchased under a protest pending the investigation by the United States Government.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPT., OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., April 21 — 1 A. M.

Indications

For New England Cooler Northwest to Southwest winds, clear weather, and stationary or rising barometer.

SPEECH OF SENATOR BLAINE.

AMERICA'S OPPORTUNITIES.

The Cost of Gaining Supremacy for The United States—America's Advantages.

WASHINGTON, April 21. Senator Blaine's speech at Chester, Pa., was principally an argument showing that the Government had devoted too much attention to its internal commerce and not enough to external commerce. He said that when we contemplated this condition of affairs the doctrine of free trade steps forward with his ready suggestion and says "give us free ships and we will at once establish steamship lines between our ports and Europe." The genuine free trader never believes anything can be produced in this country as cheap or as good as it can be found abroad, and if you offer him for 200 currency per ton a steamship built on the Clyde at 14£ per ton in a vast deal cheaper, though the American iron used in our steamships is admitted to be of better quality than that employed in English yards. But if you gratify the whim of the free trader and permit American steamships to under sell and the American flag to float over any ships wherever built what have you gained? Can you run these lines on the basis of free trade against the great English and French lines that are aided and upheld by their Governments?

I do not wish to give this audience the slightest encouragement to believe our Government will aid the establishment of steamship lines in any direction. There is undoubtedly strong opposition to it among a large portion of our people; among some for principle, among others from prejudice not unnaturally arising from a misused subsidy to two lines in the past, a subsidy however, that was granted on a wrong basis which there is no danger of repeating in the future, nor would it be a matter of propriety for one in my position to discuss here the probable action of Congress on those questions concerning which I may have to act as a Senator. I am here to-day only as an American citizen, as a Republican, as a powerful believer in the great doctrine of protecting American labor and of producing as much as possible within the United States.

Until the last ten years he ore the outbreak of he rebellion we were abreast, if not ahead of Great Britain in aggregate tonnage and on an equal footing we would speedily do the same in our steam marine, but with England and France aiding their lines with mail contracts to drive other lines from the sea, it is idle for us to enter the race. A very small amount comparatively would enable us to become victors in the struggle for ocean supremacy. What it contains to support two regiments of cavalry in the regular army, or to maintain five large men-of-war in the navy, would give us lines of first-class American steamships to foreign ports—for at least six of the principal commercial cities of the Atlantic, Pacific and the Gulf. We stand in a position to be the first commercial nation in the world. Alone of all the great powers we have a vast frontage on two oceans whose waters bound all the continents and float the commerce that civilized and enriches the world. Our coast line is longer than that which borders Europe, our harbors are more numerous and more capacious than those of all our maritime rivals combined. Nature has given us a position and power to lead the commercial world. Shall we use our opportunity, or abandon the field to those who have not all the of our advantages? If we regain a proportion of our commerce which we held in 1856 the profit to our people will be more than one hundred million per annum. Shall we go forward or shall we continue to retreat?

TEXAS.

Alleged Raid by Mexican Indians.

GALVESTON April 21. A News' special reports that a large body of Indians from Mexico are raiding on the Fort Elwell settlements. A large number of ranches have been plundered and many lives have been lost. The soldiers and citizens are in pursuit, but judging from the direction taken by the raiders, they will probably reoross the Rio Grande before they are overtaken.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES.

A Davenport, Iowa, special says that Bishop Perry, of Iowa, publishes a card asking a suspension of judgment in the alleged charges against the Bishop of Michigan, until they are investigated by the house of Bishops.

Mynnberg's silk operatives at Paterson, N. J., were paid in gold Friday, for the first time in seventeen years

The Azor sailed from Charleston, S. C. Sunday, taking two hundred and fifty persons for Liberia. The only white persons on board were the captain, his two mates and a correspondent of the News and Courier.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Monetary Quotations.

NEW YORK, April 20. Money 5@7 per cent. STERLING EXCHANGE closed at 4.86¾@4.86¾.

GOVERNMENT Securities closed at the following quotations:—

U. S. 6's, due 81, (coup Jan 1 & July 1) es. 101
" " " '67, (coup Jan 1 & July 1) 104
" " " '68, (coup Jan 1 & July 1) 107
" " " '67, (coup Jan 1 & July 1) 107
" " " '68, (coup Jan 1 & July 1) 110
U. S. 5s, 103
" 10-40's, 5 per ct. (coup March & Sept.) 105
" currency 6's, 118
" 4½, 102
" 4's, 102½
[Above quotations exclude the accrued interest.]

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, April 21. FLOUR is unchanged—sales 14,700—Superfine western and State, 4.35 @ 5.30; extra Ohio, 5.05@5.75, white wheat western, 5.00@6.30; extra do 6.00@7.75.

WHEAT is quiet—sales 180,500 bushels—No 2 Spring, 1.25; No. 3 winter red, 1.24½.

CORN firm—sales 305,000 bushels ungraded western mixed, 39@43½, steamer mixed, 41.

OATS are firm — sales 38,000 bushels Mixed Western and state, 32 @ 36; White western and state, 33@40.

Coffee — Rio 21@17.

SUGAR is unchanged—fair to good Refining, 7½@7¾; prime, 7¾, standard A, 9, granulated, 9¾@9¾; powdered, 9¾; crushed, 9¾.

MOLASSES—New Orleans, 64, refined, 11¾

ROSIN at 1.85@1.90.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE at 30½

PETROLEUM dull—Refined, 7.00 @ 7.12½; Early Rose, 1.65@1.70, Peachblow, 1.66@1.70.

PORK—new mess, 9.75@10.25.

LARD in quiet.

CAKE—prime steam, 7.25@7.32.

FOREIGN NEWS.

FRANCE.

A Reported Secession From The Episcopal and Roman Catholic Church.

PARIS, April 21. From an person who professes, intimate acquaintance with the Vatican, I hear a movement is on foot for secession in large bodies of members of the English protestant church to the Roman Catholic church. The number of seceders is placed as high as three million. Included in this exodus are Bishops, Rectors, Curates and Deacons. The authorized delegates it is asserted are now in Rome negotiating the conditions upon which the secession will take place. The acceptance of the Catholic faith is promised on the following conditions:

1st—Acceptance of all doctrines of the Catholic church.

2nd—To solve the difficulties among the Angelicans relative to the ordination of Bishops, ministers and deacons and consent to receive fresh orders in the Roman church under certain conditions.

3d—All new priests to undertake to observe celibacy.

4th—All ministers married not to be asked to quit their families, but to be barred from hearing confessions.

5th—The new Catholics to be placed for twenty years under a species Episcopal hierarchy in order to smooth the many differences of opinion that may arise during the transition.

The statement is given under reserve, but is alleged to be on high authority.

MEXICO.

Insurrection against Diaz.

SAN ANTONIO, April 20. Reliable information from the Mexican border states that the insurrection against Diaz is steadily ripening. It is understood that the Lerdist party is urging the Mexican Indians to renew raiding in order to bring matters on the Rio Grande to the former unstable state as regards the United States. The commanding officer of the sub-district of Pecos telegraphs the department headquarters that Mexican Indians, acting in concert with Indians from Fort Stanton, are now on an extensive raid in Texas.

SICK T. RKEY.

CHANGES IN THE SITUATIO.

THE NEW GRAND VIZIER.

Correspondents' Conjectures.

Views of the Situation.

LONDON, April 20. The Herald correspondent at St. Petersburg telegraphs that notwithstanding the discouraging reports, the situation is really improving and the chances of a peaceful solution are growing decidedly stronger. This information is from high official authority.

NEW YORK, April 20. A London specials says that the situation causes much uneasiness, as it is feared that Russia will still refuse to allow discussion of the entire treaty.

LONDON, April 20. A Vienna correspondent of the Times considers the change of the Ministry in Turkey a new element of danger, as Vefyk's presence in the Cabinet was a guarantee that nothing would be attempted against England. His sudden removal looks as though the Russians have endeavored to steal a march on England while negotiations for a settlement were pending.

The News Petersburg correspondent throws the responsibility of the German Association on England, in having rejected the proposal that the Congress should be summoned to revise the treaties of 1856 and 1871 and again insisting on her original conditions. However this may be, it is certain that new difficulties have arisen, and the negotiations, it is said, continue and may still lead to a satisfactory result; but the present delay shows that the former divergence of views is again apparent.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 20. The order is officially published that the necessary number of men will be called out from the naval reserve to form three corps of sailors for service in the fleet, two of which will be stationed at Cronstadt, and the third at Nicolaieff. Several of to-day's papers state that the preliminary conference should be accepted as a means of ascertaining the real intentions of England. They have not yet published a telegram from Bucharest to-day, stating that England and Russia have agreed to the principle of a simultaneous withdrawal of the British fleet and Russian troops from the neighborhood of Constantinople; but the points on which they will withdraw are not decided upon.

NEW YORK, April 20. Kiernan's Berlin special says that this reported and plenipotentiaries' negotiations have been concluded for the simultaneous withdrawal of the Russian troops and English fleet from Constantinople.

War Preparations Etc.

PARIS, April 20. Gen. Melikoff will start for St. Petersburg to morrow. The Caucassian army corps will be disbanded.

LONDON, April 20. The Central News says the Indian Government has chartered five steamers for the conveyance of troops from India, three of which are for three months, the primary destination being Port Said. The other two are, engaged for two months. These are the St. Asaph, a steamer of 5500 tons, capable of transporting 5000 men, and the Nankin, 3300 tons capable of carrying a full regiment. The United Service Gazette to-day says that it has good reason for stating that there will be combined the Channel and Baltic fleet during the next two months.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 20. Nothing is known here of the recall of the Grand Duke Nicholas from the command of the army and he denies that he has been removed.

Prince Ghika, the Roumanian agent in St. Petersburg, left yesterday for Bucharest.

Prince Nenschikof has gone to the Asiatic frontier to receive the Shah of Persia in behalf of the Czar, and General Todleben has departed for San Stefano to take the place of the Grand Duke Nicholas who is to return to St. Petersburg.

The Situation at Constantinople.

LONDON, April 21. The Pera correspondent of the Times writing on the military situation of the Turkish capital says: Although many things warrant the supposition that the Turks would fight to keep the Russians out of Constantinople, they have not distinctly made up their minds to the sacrificing of thousands of Mussulmen on the part of the Turks to resist Russian occupation, it does not appear that the 90,000 Ottoman soldiers around the capital are insuperable barriers to surprise. The Russians know very well if they wait to make a coup de main until war is declared, the chances against them will be much heavier than if they make it beforehand. They have every thing at their hand, forces, money, diplomacy and intrigue. It does not require a very lively imagination to conceive how. When Russia made up her mind that it is necessary to come into Constantinople, she will secure her prize

A Coup d'Main.

Restlessness in the Russian camp is increasing every day. The temper of the whole camp is one of the most impressible excitableness. Anything is better than to sit still, rotting in filth, dreaming vainly of home and watching death sowing and reaping, and according to reports which I believe true, the peaceful spirit has fled from camp, and the den of war is again welcome. With this spirit abroad, and as far as I can learn it is not confined to less reckless or irresponsible ranks of the army, it must not be overlooked that the temptations to a coup d'main are very great.

Germany's Powers as a Mediator.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 20. The Agence Russe mentions that Germany proposed the withdrawal of the Russian troops and the British fleet from Constantinople; without confirming or contradicting this it says: If correct it shows an important phase of the negotiations now reached under Germany's powerful influence.

The Vienna Abend Post's evening edition of the official Journal also mentions the above and adds that public opinion consequently considers a prompt issue to the Congress decidedly more favorable despite to-day's less favorable reports about other formal preliminary questions.

A Pro-Russian Grand Vizier.

LONDON, April 20. (N. Y. Herald special.)—The appointment of Sadyk Pasha as Grand Vizier, has caused the greatest consternation at the British foreign office. He, like Osman and Resut Pashas, favors a Russo-Turkish alliance. Despite surprise overtures Derwing Stone, however, that Andrassy, under pressure exercised by Bismarck, has finally accepted Ignatieff's propositions and now probably feels annoyed at England's imperious rejection of his pet free zone scheme.

The Marquis of Salisbury, has hitherto temporized fearing to forfeit the chances of securing the Ottoman loan. The Rothschilds he has also tried and waited, Russia's diplomats have had time to compromise the Austrian demands and susceptibilities. Turkey has had leisure enough likewise to reason herself into the belief that no more reliance is to be placed in Bismarck protection than England's former selfish conduct warranted.

A Sunshine Up.

It is stated briefly that the change in the situation may be advantageous to these words: A new lease of life for the alliance of the three Emperors and the definitive isolation of England. If the British Ministry believes that by the despatch of a few Indian regiments to Malta it compensates for the long series of false moves already made, it may find ere long how greatly mistaken it is.

In consequence of remonstrances of the great powers the Egyptian Government has paid $550,000 the amount of judgments obtained against it in the tribunals by creditors.

Russian occupation of Bucharest is becoming more and more unlikely.

Business Hours.

Deal with HOWLES & MERRILL, Bankers, No. 7 Kenduskeag Block, Bangor, if you wish to obtain the safest Securities for the investment of TRUST FUNDS and SAVINGS at the lowest prices.

Adamson's Botanic Balsam being free from opiates and squills, not only allays the local irritation, but improves digestion and strengthens the constitution; hence it is used with the most signal success in Asthma, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Quinsy affection of the throat and chest. All who wish to preserve health and prolong life, should use Adamson's Balsam.

LOCAL MATTERS.

A regular April day yesterday!

Saturday the Sheriff's made a seizure at the Boston boat.

The Babcock, and horse have been taken to the steamers house.

Easter Monday. The regular service in St. John's Episcopal church.

Those who neglect to put bird houses in the trees, will not be in fashion.

Messrs. Snow and Collett, failed in the city Saturday on the steamer Cambridge.

A lady subscriber from Orrington left a beautiful bouquet of May flowers at our office Saturday.

The firm of Wiggin and Clump in has been dissolved. The business will be continued by Mr. Wiggin.

Those persons intending to visit Paris this season will be interested in W. E. Brown's advertisement.

Mr. George W. Bryant enters upon his duties as assistant cashier of the Kenduskeag Bank this morning.

Jennie June has stated that a fashionable bonnet can be made for $1.50. Perhaps they can be, but they are not.

Bickford received Saturday, two very handsome Penobscot river salmon weighing twenty-eight pounds apiece

The steamer May Field started on her first trip for the season Saturday morning, taking the Berger Family to Bo fast

During the conflagration at the station house yesterday morning there was one life lost—one of the kittens being drowned.

That "cornful" hand organ man has at last taken his departure, and the good people of Bucksport are now enjoying his company.

Mrs. Hunt Morgan's Bible reading this afternoon at three o'clock in the vestry of Central Church. Subject: "With a mighty arm."

Since the first of October Mr. Moses of Bucksport, has disposed of about eight hundred dollars worth of flowers in this city.

The series of matinees which have occurred at Music Hall during the past winter, will close with an evening party to-morrow evening.

Next Friday evening Mr. George T. Mobley will open another class in singing, for ladies and gentlemen at his room on Main street.

The Cambridge arrived in this city Saturday afternoon in charge of Mr. Ingraham, the mate. Capt. Johnson, who has been sick, remained in Boston.

The eleventh annual ball of the Hibernian Mutual and benevolent Society occurs at Music Hall this evening. Supper will be served at the Franklin House.

Mr. F. C. Jones closed his engagement as organist at the St. Johns Episcopal church yesterday, and Miss Abbie Garland will preside at the organ hereafter

We would remind our readers of the entertainment by the Seminary Quartette at the Seminary Chapel this evening. The quartette sing well together and will undoubtedly give a worthy entertainment.

Messrs. Williams & Getchell have received another consignment of elegant camels hair shawls which they offer for sale at greatly reduced prices. They also make a specialty of black silks which they are selling low.

The Penobscot Farmers' Club held a very interesting and enthusiastic meeting at Stetson last Friday. President Allen of the State College, Hon. S. L. Boardman and Dr. North were present and addressed the meeting. A full report will be given hereafter. The next meeting will be held Friday, June 21st.

The semi-annual session of Grand Division Sons of Temperance of Maine, will be held in Carmell, on Wednesday next, 24th inst. commencing at 10 o'clock in the forenoon in hall of St. Paul's Division, No. 177. Fare per Maine Central Railroad, one and one. third for the round trip from the station where ticket is purchased. Arrangements have been made with Brother Carlo to take a party of delegates with his team of four horses, to start from Temperance Hall at 6 o'clock, Wednesday morning.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENTS. Saturday the members of the High School gave an entertainment in their room at which the following programme was given: Piano duett, Miss Davenport and Miss Evans; reading by Miss Burr; declamation by Mr. Blodgett; piano duett by Misses Sweet and Stuart; reading by Miss Effie Brown; declamation by Mr. Clark; reading by Miss Clergue; piano duett by Misses Strickland and Thurston; reading by Miss Drake; reading by Miss Coombs; piano solo by Miss Thompson; reading by Miss Moore and song by Miss Reynolds.

The reformers' meeting, yesterday, was well attended, notwithstanding many of our citizens believed that in consequence of the fire at City Hall no meeting would be held. The exercises were as follows: Singing, "Who's on the Lord's Side?" by the choir; reading the Scriptures, by Mrs. Edwin Clark; prayer by Rev. Cyrus Hamlin; short addresses by members of the Reform Club and interesting remarks by Mrs. Pickard of the Crusade, Mr. Chas. Withington, ex-President of the Buckfield Club, and Mr. C. P. W. Nims, of Boston, an earnest worker in the cause of Gospel temperance. Miss Osgood and Mr. Holden each rendered a beautiful solo. The meeting closed by singing, "Seeking to Save."

OBITUARY. Miss Rosella Harlow's funeral took place at the residence of her mother in Brewer yesterday afternoon. The house was filled to overflowing by the friends from this city and Brewer, who went to pay their last tribute of respect to one whom they loved and respected. The services were appropriate and impressive, at the close of which it was announced that further memorial services would be held at the vestry on Wednesday evening next. Choice flowers surrounded the remains and a number of beautiful floral emblems were displayed around the casket. As a daughter, sister and friend, she was always true, loving, kind and affectionate; and her death, in the prime of life, has made a void which friendship will strive in vain to fill.

SATURDAY'S FIRES. At about half past four o'clock Saturday morning fire was discovered in a barn on Salem Court, owned by Mr. T. T. Ham and an alarm given. The department turned out, but when they reached the fire the Elijah Low Company, whose quarters are near, had the flames under control. The oil of the house was also slightly scorched. It was the general opinion that the fire was the work of an incendiary, but it was afterwards learned that a large brush fire was burning in the vicinity the night before, and there is no doubt but what the barn was ignited from a spark. Mr. Ham estimates his loss at about $300; no insurance. At about a quarter past seven another alarm was sounded, which originated on Water street. A chimney in a building occupied by John Walsh, burned out, causing considerable smoke. The services of the department were not required.

Last Saturday evening the numerous friends of Dr. E. M. Sanger, entertained him at the Bangor House. The party was a pleasant one, and the Dr. received the congratulations of all on the verdict of the jury in his recent law suit.

EASTER SUNDAY.

Beautiful Floral Decorations at The Churches.

The weather yesterday morning was cloudy and at the time for morning service there was a light shower, but the attendance at the various churches was large. Some of the churches made no special effort in decorating. Impressive services were held at St. John's and St. Mary's Catholic churches. At the former church a choir of twenty voices sang Farmers Mass at the morning service, and Millard's Vespers in the evening. At the latter the choir was assisted by Mrs. W. F. Shaw, and Messrs. Patten, Barbabee and Roberts. Lombilotta Mass, and "Ave Maria" by Mrs. Shaw, were given in the morning, and Millilade's Vespers and O Salutaris.

At the Unitarian church the decorations were profuse and extremely beautiful. Among the exquisite display of flowers Easter lilies occupied a conspicuous position. These lilies were obtained in Boston at a large expense. Appropriate services were held, the pastor, Rev. A. M. Knapp, preaching an able Easter sermon. The music was both beautiful and appropriate to the occasion. Mr. Crowell presided at the organ for the last time before his departure for Boston, and his selections were exceedingly fine. Besides the music by the choir Mrs. Crowell sang "I know that my Redeemer liveth," in her usual pleasing manner.

The floral display at the Third Parish church excited the admiration of the large congregation. The altar was almost hidden among the vast array of flowers. The flowers were obtained from the green house of Mr. Moses, at Bucksport, and from Mr. N. S. Harlow of this city. The pastor, Rev. G. W. Field, delivered an able and interesting discourse in the morning.

In the evening the Sabbath school observed their semi-annual concert. After an organ voluntary and selection by the choir the Superintendent and school read a portion of Scripture. Mr. Haynes then sang a beautiful selection entitled "There is a green hill far away," and Rev. Mr. Field offered a fervent prayer. The Secretary's report shows that the average attendance has been 217; amount of collections $204.20. Prof. Hamlin delivered an interesting address on the observance of Easter, on Pisgal Sunday in the Eastern countries. The people fast during the week previous to Pisgal Sunday, and at midnight Friday they form a procession at the church and go through a form representing the burial of the Savior. Sunday morning at three o'clock they commence firing guns, pistols and crackers, which is kept up during the day. The churches are profusely decorated with flowers, and a large stage is erected on which are seated the Bishop and Priests, and music is furnished by a choir of boys. Everyone carries a candle in their hands during the service, which has a for about two hours.

At the close of the address Miss Cook sang in a beautiful manner "I know that my Redeemer liveth," and the exercises closed with the benediction by the pastor.

At the Episcopal church the floral decorations were elegant and arranged in excellent taste by the ladies of the church. On either side of the chancel altar were potted plants of numerous kinds arranged on shelves; the font was arranged with mosses and beautiful calla lilies; at the left of the pulpit a large basket of cut flowers was suspended; and a number of choice bouquets were placed on the pulpit and chancel altar. The beautiful music which formed a part of the Easter service was rendered by Misses Palmer and Moody, Messrs. Silsby and Mosey. The sermon, by the Rector Mr. Packard, treated of Christ as the crucified and risen Saviour of man. It was a scholarly able production, especially appropriate on Easter Day.

The floral decorations at the Hammond street church were quite elaborate and beautiful and tastefully arranged in baskets and vases, of cut flowers and flowers in pots. In front was a fine display of calla lilies and on each side others interspersed with roses and flowers of various hues.

The services were introduced with an organ voluntary, by Mr. Davenport, followed by the Asia, sung by Miss H. M. Osgood, "I know that my Redeemer liveth." The pastor read appropriate selections from the Scriptures and led in the devotional exercises. The congregation led by the organ and trio, comprising Miss Osgood, Mrs. Davenport and Mr. Alden, sang several hymns. The discourse by the pastor, Rev. S. P. Fay, was upon Christ as the best revelation and interpretation of God.

The Easter services at the Sabbath School concert in the evening, were arranged by the Superintendent, Mr. J. M. Duggett, and were listened to with much interest. Mr. Davenport presided at the organ and commenced the exercises by a voluntary. The 100th Psalm was read in concert by the School, who also sang "Our Easter Triumph" arranged by Auber; the 24th Psalm was read by the pastor, the choir, comprising Miss Osgood, Miss Henrick, Dr. Lauson and S. Alden, singing each alternate verse; prayer was offered by Rev. J. E. Adams; "Gloria in Excelsis," by the choir; Easter carol, by the children of the Home, Mrs. Davenport, using a cabinet organ as an accompaniment; report of the Secretary, Mr. Kerr—Average attendance during the month, 183, reference was made to the death of Miss Murry, a member of the School, and a selection in memoriam was sung by the choir, "One by one we are passing over." Remarks were made by Professor Paine, on the significance of Easter "The Joyful Lord's Day," and the manner of observing the day in Rome and Moscow, and the general observance of the day, among all nations. The school read alternately with the superintendent, the 24th chapter of Luke; followed by the chorus "The Lord is risen." The remainder of the evening was occupied by selections read by Miss N. S. Littlefield, Mrs. Daggett, Miss Lucy Gallupe, Mrs. Noble, Miss Cole and Hattie Glass. An interesting exercise was given, comprising questions by the Superintendent and answers by members of the School. These were interspersed by an Easter Carol sung by Miss Etta Henries, chorus by the School; a Quartette by the choir, "Mighty Redeemer;" Hymn by the School, "Our Lord is risen indeed." The Pastor made closing remarks and pronounced the Benediction.

Police Court.

In the police court Saturday, Owen Dugan came up for making an assault on his wife. It seems that Owen had been indulging quite freely of the ardent, and while feeling right on his muscle, he went into the house and made an attack on his wife with a hatchet. He was sentenced to pay a fine of $25 and costs, and ordered to furnish bonds in the sum of $2,000 to keep the peace for six months. As he could not raise the needful, Owen now reposes in jail.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT

APRIL (CIVIL) TERM.

HON. JOHN APPLETON, Justice Presiding.
JAMES H. BURGESS Clerk of the Courts.
RUEL SMITH, Stenographer.

Saturday, April 20.

Bowley vs. Sanger. Court came in at 9 o'clock. The arguments occupied nearly the whole day. Verd ict for the defendent. Mace and Robinson. Clark and Varney.

G. A. R.

HEADQUARTERS
DEP'T OF MAINE G. A. R.
ASS'T ADJ'T GENERAL'S OFFICE.
BANGOR, April 13, 1878.

General Order No. 3.

The follow ng named comrades are hereby appointed Aids-de-Camp on the Staff of the Department Commander, and will be obeyed and respected accordingly:

E. F. Ross, Post 3, Mechanic Falls.
L. C. Flint, " 6, Monson.
F. B. Williams, " 6, Gardiner.
H. L. Wood, " 3, Dexter.
J. H. Plaisted, 14, Waterville.
T. P. Hutchinson " 15, Machias.
R. M. Stevens " 28, Biddeford.
James Ingolsby " 40, Eastport.
Wm. Kelley, " 48, Togus.

By order of
A. C. HAMLIN, Dep't Commader,
Official:
E. E. SMALL, Ass't Adj't Gen'l.

CITY HALL FIRE.

At about three o'clock yesterday morning as officer McCoy was standing at Wood's corner, he heard considerable noise at the stat on house and started up to see what it all meant. He met a tramp in the yard who informed him that the station house was on fire and that he had broken out of the shelter room. Officer McCoy then ran in and opened the door of the shelter room, and liberated the remainder of the tramps, who had not succeeded in getting on, and then turned his attention to the three occupants of the cells. He found one man that was unable to walk and carried him out and placed him where he could sleep away the effects of the ardent. In the meantime an alarm had been given and the department were soon at the scene of the fire. They worked like heroes and finally succeeded in extinguishing the fire before the flames had done serious damage, and handled their hose in such a manner as to comparatively little damage by water. The fire was very difficult to reach as it originated on the lower floor and ran up between the partitions, and the smoke was intensely thick; but the department were persistent and in a short time by exercising good judgment and with hard labor, they prevented what might have been a serious fire. The fire started in a bin containing charcoal, which is located against the partition of the shelter room, and just how it ignited still remains a mystery. The flames burned through the partition into the shelter room and then ran up and burned through the floor into the Assessors room and Committee room. The part tion between these rooms and the side of the entry was burned through. It is estimate that the loss will amount to about $300; no insurance. There were five tramps in the shelter room and when they awoke the flames had burned through the partition. They got a stick of wood and knocked off two of the iron bars across the windows and were making their escape when officer McCoy arrived They were taken to the steamers house where they remained a portion of the day.

Business Notes.

Caldwell Sweet dragsist, in this city, is the agent for that wholesome, nutritious tonic, Colden's LIEBIG'S LIQUID EXTRACT OF BEEF. It suits the most delicate stomach, infuses vitality into the system, aids digestion, and always produces good blood, health and strength. apr 22 2wdkw

THE WHOLE SYSTEM is put in a healthy condition by HUNT'S REMEDY. Dropsy, Bright's Disease, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Complaints, Diabetes and Gravel, are cured by HUNT'S REMEDY. Incontinence and Retention of Urine, General Debility, Excesses Intemperance and Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, are cured by HUNT'S REMEDY.

Be of good cheer! SLIPPERY ELM LOZENGES will cure your Cough. For sale by all Druggists.

CASWELL & CO., corner Washington and Winter streets, Boston.

CLARKE'S TORTURE ACHE DROPS *cure instantly.* june 11—1y.

Travellers will find the Grand Central Hotel, New York, as one of the most comfortable hotels in that city. Those who cannot be suited in price and accommodations there must be very hard to please indeed.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF BANGOR.

SATURDAY, April 20.

ARRIVED

Steamer Cambridge, Pollard, Boston
Sch Pelion, Trask, Hoboken, coal to steamer Maj Ryder
Sch Warrenton, Nickerson, Providence
Sch Jane, Webster, Boston
Sch G Almonga, Gamp, Portsmouth
Sch A K Woodward, Jordan, Milsworth
Sch Pinecrest, Hamilton, Eliz orth
Sch Bangor, Kaler, Eliz'th
Sch Katie Walker, Merrick, Camden
Sch John S Ferguson, Closson, Searsport
Sch D Bacon, Kelley, Dorr & Saunders
Sch Zena, Kendall, Hampden
Sch Savannah, Knowlton, Hampden
Sch D Bacon, Kelley, Hampden
Sch S Bockhill, Bowker Hamden
Sch Panmenia, Lowell, Bucksport
Sch Harvest, Soule, Deer Isle
Sch Kenduskeag, Trask Winterport
Sch R Edmond Eaton, Winterport

Steamer Maj Field, Barbour, Sedgwick
Sch Ruth Thomas, Kimball, N Y
Sch Agnes, Allen, Boston
Sch M Talbot, Gray, Lynn
Sch Laura May, Harper, Waldoboro
Sch Lyceum, Quinn, Rockland
Sch Ida Delle, Torrey, Rockland
Sch Sea Flower, Robbins, Belfast
Sch Ship, Mills, Gannon
Sloop Herschel, Dewey, Camden.

SUNDAY, April 21.

ARRIVED.

Sch Mary A Hyer, Crockett, Boston
Sch Lucia Thurlow, Ellsworth
Sch Wm H Jewell, Wardwell, Rockland

DOMESTIC PORTS.

BOSTON. Cld 18th, bark Alaska Coombs, Saint Port au Basque, C G B; schr M A Heyer, Orcutt, Bangor.

NEW YORK. Ar 18th, brig Yosemite, Torrey, Cardenas; schrs Lucie J Hall, Hall, Rockland; Richard Sudbury, Sibley, Matanzas; 19th, Wm D Sargent, Johnson, Bath; James Holmes, Baxter, Frankfort; George W Bergen, Ferguson, St Jago; Ida Delle, Hallett, Anna Mitchell, Childs, J F Carver, Watt, do; Cid, brig Starligar, Thompson, Port Spain (Trinidad); schrs Ella Pressey, Pressey, Cardenas; 20th, A S Williams, Dunton, St Jago

CHARLESTON. Ar 18th, schr Timothy Field, Bucksport. Cld 18th, ship Marion Bowker, Bowker, Liverpool.

PORTLAND. Cld 19th, ship S F Hersey, Small, Mejillones, Bl.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Sld from Gibraltar to 16th, bark Fanny H Loring, Soule, Cadiz.

Sld from Lisbon, 18th, brig Elizabeth Winslow, Hall, Sydney, C B.

At at Sagua, 10th, brig Akbar, Thompson, St Thomas; 11th, Hattie S Bishop, Bishop, do.

Ar at Fernandina, 19th, schr Lizzie Cobb, Cobb, Pensacola.

Notice of Assignee of His Appointment.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In the matter of Lewis Watson, Bankrupt, in Bankruptcy.

To whom it may concern. As Assignee, the second day of April, A. D. 1878. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Lewis Watson of Bangor, in the County of Penobscot and State of Maine, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District, dated Feb. 19, 1878.

HENRY L. MITCHELL, Assignee.
apr16 eWdw2w16

Police Court.

In the police court Saturday, Owen Dugan came up for making an assault on his wife. It seems that Owen had been indulging quite freely of the ardent, and while feeling right on his muscle, he went into the house and made an attack on his wife with a hatchet. He was sentenced to pay a fine of $25 and costs, and ordered to furnish bonds in the sum of $2,000 to keep the peace for six months. As he could not raise the needful, Owen now reposes in jail.

Notice of Assignee of His Appointment.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In the matter of Dudley F. Leavitt, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss. At

THE PHONOGRAPH.
AN EVENING WITH THE MACHINE IN A WESTERN HOME.

It happened that Mrs. Barstinglow was going down to Keokuk for a few days, and Mr. Barstinglow was inconsolable. At one time he protested that she should not go; he could not endure 'the lonesome house during' her absence. And then again, he declared that if she must go, he would accept his office, and let his business go to the bow wows, and he would go with her. At length, however, she persuaded him to be reasonable, and on her repeated assurance that she would not remain away longer than three days, he consented to let her go. He even bought her ticket, and ordered the carriage and paid for it two days ahead, lest his resolution should give way and he should forbid her going from him. And from that time till the morning of her departure Mr. Barstinglow spoke in subdued tones, and moved about with the air of a man whose heart was buried under mountains of grief.

Before she left the house, Mrs. Barstinglow set the photograph in the sitting-room, behind the clock. Then she kissed her disconsolate husband, and begged him to preserve his precious life for her sake while she was away, and then she went.

Every day, during her three days' visit in the Gate City, she received a letter from her mourning husband, begging her to come back and telling her how lonesome he was without her, and how like a grave the empty house seemed, and how the hours dragged, now that he was left to mope alone. And in turned days she came home, and filled the solemn hours with sunlight and laughter again.

The evening after her return to Burlington, she took down the phonograph.

"I wonder, she said, "what we said last in its hearing? It must have been something awful serious, for I was away. Or may be it has caught some of your poor, longing moanings while I was away."

And then she turned the crank.

"No," croaked the phonograph, in tones of hearty reassurance, "no danger of that; she's safe on Keokuk for three days; saw her safely on, myself, two hours ago. Light your cigar while I fight another lamp and make this room look cheerful."

"Why," exclaimed Mrs. Barstinglow, in a commingled of amazement, "what on earth is it saying?"

"Oh, some lonesome sense of your visitor's have talked into it some time or other," replied her husband, nervously. "people talk all kinds of stuff into a phonograph, you know. They say anything for talk."

Mrs. Barstinglow, looking only half convinced, gave the crank another turn.

"This is good whisky, Barsty," ejaculated the machine, very earnestly. "You don't get it in Burlington, do you?"

Mrs. Barstinglow gave a little shriek.

"My dear," said her husband, looking now quite as worried as he had looked when he was begging her not to go to Keokuk, "put it away; somebody has had it out in the stable, and it might say something perfectly shocking, you know. Put it away."

But Mrs. Barstinglow, upon whom the spirit of investigation had descended with great power, grabbed away, and the phonograph, in two or three quavering tones, her husband's remonstrance solemnly on.

"Not much; they don't make this kind now. It's sound old Monongahela, copper distilled, that Mrs. Barstinglow's mother gave her for medicinal purposes three years ago. Full up, there's plenty of it, and I can replace it with any kind of beverage when it's gone. The old girl won't know the difference."

Mrs. Barstinglow felt herself turning to stone, but the next turn of the crank brought out an uproarious—

"Ha, ha, ha! Here's to the o-g-!"

Then fanned her cheeks into a flame.

"For mercy's sake, Malachi Barstinglow," she shrieked, "what does this mean?"

Mr. Barstinglow now looked as though he really did wish she had never gone to Keokuk.

"It's just as I tell you," he said, with an effort to look unconcerned that was like a luminous book to a blind man, "just as it's utter failure was concerned. 'Somebody has been talking all sorts of nonsense into it just for talk's sake. How else could it get hold of such dreadful stuff in our dear little home, love?"

Mrs. Barstinglow didn't say, but, she turned away and the phonograph talked carelessly.

"Throw round for the deal?"

She thought she would faint, but she didn't, and the pitiless machine proceeded to smirk, with a variety of voices, —

"It's my age." "You'll have to straddle that thing if you come in." "Give me two cards, sir!" "Chip one." "I'll see your limb one and raise you a couple." "Push the bottle this way, Ben." "Ain't you going to stay in, Harry?" "Can't stay in on a pair of sixes." "Call you." "Two small pair, kings to head." Yens and deuces. Take the pot." "Barsty, get us something to eat. Old girl left a cold chicken, I s'pose, didn't she?" "Yes; told her I was going to keep back at home, to save expenses and keep out of bad company." "Ha, ha, ha!! Ho! ho! ho!!!"

"O!" yelled Mr. Barstinglow unable to restrain himself any longer, while his wife, more dead than alive, kneeled over the phonograph and groped away at the crank in a dazed kind of manner, "Oh, keep it up! That's right! Keep her agoing! Grind it all out! Confound the diabolical piece of black art and the vile assassin that invented it. Keep it up! That's right! Believe a senseless diabolical piece of monstrous mechanism rather than your husband! Keep her agoing! Keep it up!"

And Mrs. Barstinglow did keep it up. She kept it up and listened to that phonograph swear and shout and howl; she heard it shriek, "Oh! my eye, my eye!" She heard it tell some one to let some one else leave it again in the same place; she heard it warn somebody to "hold his head over the stove hearth, and not let his nose bleed on the carpet," and at last it assured her very thickly and with some difficulty, that it was "a ban' of jorry good fuh-fuh-fellows," and that it was "like-wise good fuh-fuh-fuh-fine company," she ground it into silence, and sank back, speechless and breathless, while Mr. Barstinglow took the phonograph out into the back yard and smashed it into so many and such small fragments that it couldn't reproduce even a steamboat whistle.

And now, when people go over to the Barstinglow's to spend a pleasant evening, and happen to say; "What have you done with the phonograph, Mr. Barstinglow?" it affords the visitors entertainment for the rest of the evening to study the different expressions which creep over the faces of Mr. and Mrs. Barstinglow, while Mr. Barstinglow, as he answers the question, thinks he would give ten thousand dollars if he could find out how the members of the 'Paragraphers' Association tell lies so easily and make them sound so marvellously like the truth.—*Burlington Hawkeye.*

POINTS FOR BUSINESS MEN. An exchange thus puts the "true canons of advertising":

1. All men in business must advertise in some way. All men in business do advertise, somehow.

2. Newspapers afford the best general medium.

3. The object of advertising is simply to bring buyer and seller together—successful advertising must, therefore, do three things:

A. Be intelligible and explicit as to the things on sale.

B. It must reach the class likely to buy.

C. It must persuade them that it will be to their advantage to come and buy.

4. The interests of sellers, buyers and advertising medium are mutual.

5. Sellers, buyers, and newspapers are all three equally interested in sustaining this mutual relation.

6. The common notion of patronage as regards newspapers is fallacious. As all persons are buyers, all sellers should take newspapers—in both cases for their own sake, not the newspaper's sake.

7. The profits of well-conducted newspapers are a measure of the business prosperity of a community. We all thrive together by contributing to the support of one another.

This is truth in a nutshell, and needs but a line or two to make it perfect, to-wit: Nearly every successful business man in the country who has made a large fortune in trade, has been a liberal advertiser in newspapers.

THE GROCER'S GIFT TO HIS PREACHER. A Covington, Kentucky, correspondent, tells this:

"A country merchant visited the city a few days ago, and, going to Cincinnati, purchased, from a dollar store, a table castor, which he took home with him, and, after putting a tag on it marked $14, made it a present to a Methodist preacher, whose church his family attended. The reverend gentleman took the package home opened it, and examined the contents. The next day he brought the castor (with tag attached) back to the grocery man, and said to him: 'I am too poor in this world's goods to afford so valuable a castor on my table, and if you have no objection, I would like to return it and take $14 worth of groceries for my family in its stead.' The merchant could do nothing but acquiesce, but fancy his feelings."

FINE MANNERS, INDEED!

One of the monthly magazines has been raising the voice of lamentation over the decay of fine manners. We are told in the outset that nothing can be more certain than the fact of this decay. The only thing left for an essayist is to explain the causes of such a decline. But what is the worth of explanations showing that fine manners ought to have declined if their declension cannot be demonstrated? There has never been a period in which this complaint has not been made. Let us go back to the extreme formal court of the Grand Monarch in the seventeenth century. La Rochefoucauld in the midst of it gave forth the maxim which is now echoed from day to day, "Most young people fancy that they are natural when they are only coarse and illbred." It is a curious fact, too, that at the very time when we hear this jeremiad over the decay of ceremonial in society, Mr Herbert Spencer is writing a series of articles to show that the laws which govern manners are elaborated much more clearly than those of morals and of government in the earlier stages of national life; that in many important ways the moral law of primitive tribes comes to be based on established manners; and that the excess of manners to be found in many a royal palace is but a symptom of the advance we must judge of fine manners as a whole; and when we bow all some particular loss on special occasions, ask whether the general behavior of our people has not been prodigiously improved and unexpectedly refined. Our sires in their youth knelt down to their fathers of a morning to ask for their blessing, and never addressed them without the preliminary "Sir." Our sons do nothing of the kind; the youngest children call their mothers by the ridiculous nickname of "Mummy," and the father has a nick name among his boys laughable to town